

# ABCC11 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP51732

## **Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<u>Q96J66</u>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	154301

### **Additional Information**

Gene ID	85320
Other Names	ATP-binding cassette sub-family C member 11, Multidrug resistance-associated protein 8, ABCC11, MRP8
Dilution	WB~~1:1000
Format	0.01M PBS, pH 7.2, 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide, Glycerol 50%
Storage	Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

# **Protein Information**

Name	ABCC11 ( <u>HGNC:14639</u> )
Function	ATP-dependent transporter of the ATP-binding cassette (ABC) family that actively extrudes physiological compounds and xenobiotics from cells. Plays a role in physiological processes involving bile acids, conjugated steroids and cyclic nucleotides, including cAMP and cGMP (PubMed:12764137, PubMed:15537867). Mediates the ATP-dependent efflux of a range of physiological lipophilic anions, including the glutathione S-conjugates leukotriene C4 and dinitrophenyl S- glutathione, steroid sulfates, such as dehydroepiandrosterone 3-sulfate (DHEAS) and estrone 3-sulfate, glucuronides such as estradiol 17-beta- D-glucuronide (E(2)17betaG), the monoanionic bile acids glycocholate and taurocholate, and methotrexate (PubMed:15537867, PubMed:16359813, PubMed:25896536). Plays a role in the transport of earwax components (PubMed:16444273, PubMed:19383836). Participates in the secretion of odorants and their precursors from the apocrine sweat glands, including the secretion of glutamine conjugates, as well as the Cys-Gly-(S) conjugates of 3-methyl-3-sulfanyl-hexanol (PubMed:19710689). Involved in the cellular extrusion of nucleotide analogs, hence confering resistance to various drugs, including clinically relevant drugs such as 5-fluorouracil (5-FU) and methotrexate (PubMed:12764137,

	PubMed: <u>15537867</u> , PubMed: <u>25896536</u> ).
Cellular Location	Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Vacuole membrane Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane. Apical cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein
Tissue Location	Expressed in apocrine glands (at protein level) (PubMed:19383836, PubMed:19710689). Expressed at moderate levels in breast and testis and at very low levels in liver, brain and placenta (PubMed:11483364, PubMed:11591886, PubMed:16359813). Localizes to axons of the central and peripheral nervous system (at protein level) (PubMed:16359813).

## Background

Participates in physiological processes involving bile acids, conjugated steroids and cyclic nucleotides. Enhances the cellular extrusion of cAMP and cGMP. Stimulates the ATP-dependent uptake of a range of physiological and synthetic lipophilic anions, including the glutathione S-conjugates leukotriene C4 and dinitrophenyl S-glutathione, steroid sulfates such as dehydroepiandrosterone 3-sulfate (DHEAS) and estrone 3-sulfate, glucuronides such as estradiol 17-beta-D-glucuronide (E(2)17betaG), the monoanionic bile acids glycocholate and taurocholate, and methotrexate. Probably functions to secrete earwax.

#### References

Tammur J.,et al.Gene 273:89-96(2001). Yabuuchi H.,et al.Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 288:933-939(2001). Bera T.K.,et al.Mol. Med. 7:509-516(2001). Guo Y.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 278:29509-29514(2003). Chen Z.S.,et al.Mol. Pharmacol. 67:545-557(2005).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.