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IL-5 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP51906

Product Information

Application WB Primary Accession P05113

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW15238

Additional Information

Gene ID 3567

Other Names Interleukin-5, IL-5, B-cell differentiation factor I, Eosinophil differentiation

factor, T-cell replacing factor, TRF, IL5

Dilution WB~~1:1000

Format 0.01M PBS, pH 7.2, 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide, Glycerol 50%

Storage Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name IL5

Function Homodimeric cytokine expressed predominantly by T-lymphocytes and NK

cells that plays an important role in the survival, differentiation, and

chemotaxis of eosinophils (PubMed:2653458, PubMed:9010276). Also acts on activated and resting B-cells to induce immunoglobulin production, growth, and differentiation (By similarity). Mechanistically, exerts its biological effects through a receptor composed of IL5RA subunit and the cytokine receptor common subunit beta/CSF2RB (PubMed:1495999, PubMed:22528658). Binding to the receptor leads to activation of various kinases including LYN, SYK and JAK2 and thereby propagates signals through the RAS-MAPK and

JAK-STAT5 pathways respectively (PubMed:7613138).

Cellular Location Secreted.

Tissue Location Present in peripheral blood mononuclear cells.

Background

Factor that induces terminal differentiation of late- developing B-cells to immunoglobulin secreting cells.

References

Azuma C.,et al.Nucleic Acids Res. 14:9149-9158(1986).
Tanabe T.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 262:16580-16584(1987).
Campbell H.D.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 84:6629-6633(1987).
Yokota T.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 84:7388-7392(1987).
Honjo T.,et al.Submitted (FEB-1992) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

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