

Cytokeratin 8 Rabbit pAb

Cytokeratin 8 Rabbit pAb

Catalog # AP52086

Product Information

Application	IHC-P, IHC-F, IF
Primary Accession	P05787
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Rat, Mouse, Chicken
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	53704
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human CK8
Epitope Specificity	51-150/483
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SUBCELLULAR LOCATION	Cytoplasm. Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Nucleus matrix.
DISEASE	Defects in KRT8 are a cause of cirrhosis (CIRRH) [MIM:215600].
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	This gene is a member of the type II keratin family clustered on the long arm of chromosome 12. Type I and type II keratins heteropolymerize to form intermediate-sized filaments in the cytoplasm of epithelial cells. The product of this gene typically dimerizes with keratin 18 to form an intermediate filament in simple single-layered epithelial cells. This protein plays a role in maintaining cellular structural integrity and also functions in signal transduction and cellular differentiation. Mutations in this gene cause cryptogenic cirrhosis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2012]. Cytokeratin 8 is a member of the type II keratin family clustered on the long arm of chromosome 12. Type I and type II keratins heteropolymerize to form intermediate-sized filaments in the cytoplasm of epithelial cells. Cytokeratin 8 typically dimerizes with keratin 18 to form an intermediate filament in simple single-layered epithelial cells. This protein plays a role in maintaining cellular structural integrity and also functions in signal transduction and cellular differentiation. Mutations in this gene cause cryptogenic cirrhosis.

Additional Information

Gene ID	3856
Other Names	Keratin, type II cytoskeletal 8, Cytokeratin-8, CK-8, Keratin-8, K8, Type-II keratin Kb8, KRT8, CYK8

Dilution	IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:400-800,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-10000
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name	KRT8 (HGNC:6446)
Synonyms	CYK8
Function	Structural component of intermediate filaments in simple epithelial cells. Together with its obligate type I partner KRT18, contributes to the formation of the keratin intermediate filament network that provides mechanical stability and resilience to epithelial cells (PubMed: 26823019). Also involved in maintaining epithelial integrity and protecting cells from non-mechanical stress, such as apoptosis (By similarity). Also required for ARHGEF40-mediated actin stress fiber formation and tensional force-induced stress fiber formation and reinforcement (PubMed: 26823019). In striated muscle, together with KRT19, may contribute to linking the contractile apparatus to dystrophin at the costameres (PubMed: 16000376).
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm. Nucleus, nucleoplasm {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q10758}. Nucleus matrix {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q10758}. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton
Tissue Location	Observed in muscle fibers accumulating in the costameres of myoplasm at the sarcolemma membrane in structures that contain dystrophin and spectrin. Expressed in gingival mucosa and hard palate of the oral cavity.

Background

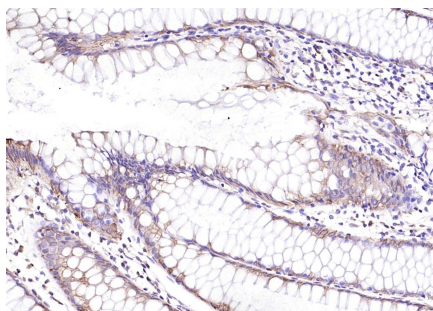
This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

References

Krauss S.,et al.Gene 86:241-249(1990).
Yamamoto R.,et al.Mol. Endocrinol. 4:370-374(1990).
Waseem A.,et al.New Biol. 2:464-478(1990).
Ku N.-O.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 272:7556-7564(1997).
Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).

Images

Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (human colon); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Cytokeratin 8) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP52086) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit)



(sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.