

Rabbit Anti-CD14 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP52111

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Human
Predicted
Mouse, Rat
Host
Clonality
Polyclonal
Calculated MW
Physical State
P10810
Human
Puman
Pouse, Rat
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from mouse CD14

Epitope Specificity 201-300/366

Isotype IgG

Purity affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor, GPI-anchor. **SIMILARITY** Contains 11 LRR (leucine-rich) repeats.

SUBUNIT Belongs to the lipopolysaccharide (LPS) receptor, a multi-protein complex

containing at least CD14, MD-2 and TLR4.

Important Note This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions The protein encoded by this gene is a surface antigen that is preferentially

expressed on monocytes/macrophages. It cooperates with other proteins to mediate the innate immune response to bacterial lipopolysaccharide. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding the same

protein. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2010]

Additional Information

Gene ID 12475

Other Names Monocyte differentiation antigen CD14; Myeloid cell-specific leucine-rich

glycoprotein; CD14

Dilution WB=1:500-2000,IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC=1:100,IF=1:100-500,ELI

SA=1:5000-10000

Format 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name Cd14

Function Coreceptor for bacterial lipopolysaccharide. In concert with LBP, binds to monomeric lipopolysaccharide and delivers it to the LY96/TLR4 complex,

thereby mediating the innate immune response to bacterial

lipopolysaccharide (LPS) (PubMed:<u>16148141</u>). Acts via MyD88, TIRAP and TRAF6, leading to NF-kappa-B activation, cytokine secretion and the inflammatory response (PubMed:<u>15895089</u>, PubMed:<u>8612135</u>). Acts as a coreceptor for TLR2:TLR6 heterodimer in response to diacylated lipopeptides

and for TLR2:TLR1 heterodimer in response to triacylated lipopeptides, these clusters trigger signaling from the cell surface and subsequently are targeted to the Golgi in a lipid-raft dependent pathway (By similarity). Acts as an accessory receptor for M.tuberculosis lipoproteins LprA, LprG and LpqH, in conjunction with coreceptors TLR2 and TLR1. The lipoproteins act as agonists to modulate antigen presenting cell functions in response to the pathogen (PubMed:19362712). Binds electronegative LDL (LDL(-)) and mediates the

cytokine release induced by LDL(-) (By similarity).

Cellular Location Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor, GPI-anchor {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P08571}.

Secreted {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P08571}. Membrane raft

{ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P08571}. Golgi apparatus

{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P08571}. Note=Soluble, secreted forms seem to

exist. They may arise by cleavage of the GPI anchor

{ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P08571}

Tissue Location Detected on peritoneal macrophages (at protein level) (PubMed:8612135).

Cell surface expression detected in lung alveolar macrophages, dendritic macrophages and lung macrophages (at protein level) (PubMed:19362712).

Background

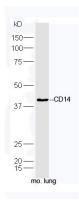
In concert with LBP, binds to monomeric lipopolysaccharide and delivers it to the MD-2/TLR4 complex, thereby mediating the innate immune response to bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS). Acts via MyD88, TIRAP and TRAF6, leading to NF-kappa-B activation, cytokine secretion and the inflammatory response. Up-regulates cell surface molecules, including adhesion molecules (By similarity).

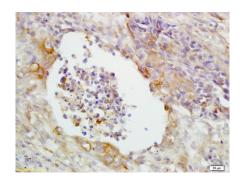
References

Miyazaki Y.,et al.Nucleic Acids Res. 17:2132-2132(1989). Setoguchi M.,et al.Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1008:213-222(1989). Ferrero E.,et al.J. Immunol. 145:331-336(1990). Kim J.I.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 280:11347-11351(2005).

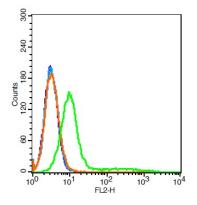
Images

Mouse lung lysates probed with Rabbit Anti-CD14 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP52111) at 1:300 overnight at 4°C. Followed by a conjugated secondary antibody at 1:5000 for 90 min at 37°C.





Formalin-fixed and paraffin embedded human lung carcinoma labeled with Anti-CD14 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP52111) at 1:200 followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody and DAB staining



A549 cells probed with CD14 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP52111) at 1:20 for 30 minutes followed by incubation with a conjugated secondary (PE Conjugated) (green) for 30 minutes compared to control cells (blue), secondary only (light blue) and isotype control (orange).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.