

FGF2 Rabbit pAb

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Catalog # AP52135

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P09038
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Rat, Mouse, Rabbit, Chicken, Sheep
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	30770
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human bFGF
Epitope Specificity	143-250/288
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SUBCELLULAR LOCATION	Secreted. Nucleus. Note=Exported from cells by an endoplasmic reticulum (ER)/Golgi-independent mechanism. Unconventional secretion of FGF2 occurs by direct translocation across the plasma membrane. Binding of exogenous FGF2 to FGFR facilitates endocytosis followed by translocation of FGF2 across endosomal membrane into the cytosol. Nuclear import from the cytosol requires the classical nuclear import machinery, involving proteins KPNA1 and KPNB1, as well as CEP57.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the fibroblast growth factor (FGF) family. FGF family members bind heparin and possess broad mitogenic and angiogenic activities. This protein has been implicated in diverse biological processes, such as limb and nervous system development, wound healing, and tumor growth. The mRNA for this gene contains multiple polyadenylation sites, and is alternatively translated from non-AUG (CUG) and AUG initiation codons, resulting in five different isoforms with distinct properties. The CUG-initiated isoforms are localized in the nucleus and are responsible for the intracrine effect, whereas, the AUG-initiated form is mostly cytosolic and is responsible for the paracrine and autocrine effects of this FGF. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008].

Additional Information

Gene ID	2247
Other Names	Fibroblast growth factor 2, FGF-2, Basic fibroblast growth factor, bFGF, Heparin-binding growth factor 2, HBGF-2, FGF2, FGFB

Dilution	WB=1:500-2000,Flow-Cyt=1 µg/Test
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name	FGF2
Synonyms	FGFB
Function	Acts as a ligand for FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3 and FGFR4 (PubMed: 8663044). Also acts as an integrin ligand which is required for FGF2 signaling (PubMed: 28302677). Binds to integrin ITGAV:ITGB3 (PubMed: 28302677). Plays an important role in the regulation of cell survival, cell division, cell differentiation and cell migration (PubMed: 28302677 , PubMed: 8663044). Functions as a potent mitogen in vitro (PubMed: 1721615 , PubMed: 3732516 , PubMed: 3964259). Can induce angiogenesis (PubMed: 23469107 , PubMed: 28302677). Mediates phosphorylation of ERK1/2 and thereby promotes retinal lens fiber differentiation (PubMed: 29501879).
Cellular Location	Secreted. Nucleus. Note=Exported from cells by an endoplasmic reticulum (ER)/Golgi-independent mechanism. Unconventional secretion of FGF2 occurs by direct translocation across the plasma membrane (PubMed:20230531). Binding of exogenous FGF2 to FGFR facilitates endocytosis followed by translocation of FGF2 across endosomal membrane into the cytosol (PubMed:22321063). Nuclear import from the cytosol requires the classical nuclear import machinery, involving proteins KPNA1 and KPNB1, as well as CEP57 (PubMed:22321063)
Tissue Location	Expressed in granulosa and cumulus cells. Expressed in hepatocellular carcinoma cells, but not in non-cancerous liver tissue.

Background

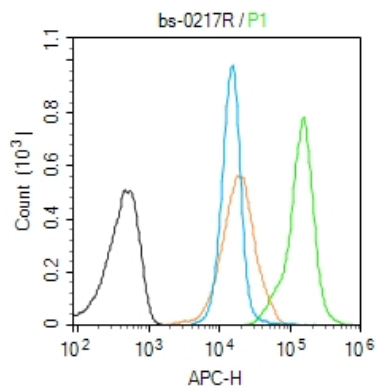
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References

Hebert J.M.,et al.Dev. Biol. 138:454-463(1990).
Ma R.Z.,et al.Submitted (MAY-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Kurtz A.,et al.Oncogene 14:2671-2681(1997).

Images

Blank control (Black line): Molt4 (Black).
Primary Antibody (green line): Rabbit Anti-bFGF antibody (AP52135)
Dilution: 1 µg /10⁶ cells;
Isotype Control Antibody (orange line): Rabbit IgG .
Secondary Antibody (white blue line): Goat anti-rabbit

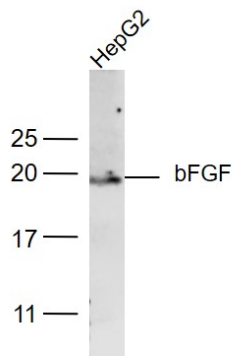


IgG-AF647

Dilution: 1 µg /test.

Protocol

The cells were fixed with 4% PFA (10min at room temperature) and then permeabilized with 90% ice-cold methanol for 20 min at room temperature. The cells were then incubated in 5%BSA to block non-specific protein-protein interactions for 30 min at room temperature. Cells stained with Primary Antibody for 30 min at room temperature. The secondary antibody used for 40 min at room temperature. Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.



Sample:

HepG2(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug

Primary: Anti-bFGF (AP52135) at 1/500 dilution

Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 18 kD

Observed band size: 18 kD

Citations

- [GZMB gene silencing confers protection against synovial tissue hyperplasia and articular cartilage tissue injury in rheumatoid arthritis through the MAPK signaling pathway.](#)

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