10320 Camino Santa Fe, Suite G San Diego, CA 92121 Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999



# IRF-3 (Phospho-Ser385) Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP52385

#### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC, IF **Primary Accession** Q14653

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Calculated MW 47219

#### **Additional Information**

Gene ID 3661

**Other Names** Interferon regulatory factor 3, IRF-3, IRF3

Dilution WB~~1:1000 IHC~~1:50~100 IF~~1:100

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, **Format** 

150mM NaCl, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% glycerol.

**Storage Conditions** -20°C

#### **Protein Information**

IRF3 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:9803267, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:6118} Name

**Function** Key transcriptional regulator of type I interferon (IFN)- dependent immune

responses which plays a critical role in the innate immune response against

DNA and RNA viruses (PubMed:22394562, PubMed:24049179,

PubMed: 25636800, PubMed: 27302953, PubMed: 31340999,

PubMed:36603579, PubMed:8524823). Regulates the transcription of type I IFN genes (IFN-alpha and IFN-beta) and IFN-stimulated genes (ISG) by binding to an interferon-stimulated response element (ISRE) in their promoters

(PubMed: 11846977, PubMed: 16846591, PubMed: 16979567, PubMed: <u>20049431</u>, PubMed: <u>32972995</u>, PubMed: <u>36603579</u>,

PubMed:<u>8524823</u>). Acts as a more potent activator of the IFN-beta (IFNB) gene than the IFN-alpha (IFNA) gene and plays a critical role in both the early

and late phases of the IFNA/B gene induction (PubMed: 16846591,

PubMed:16979567, PubMed:20049431, PubMed:36603579). Found in an inactive form in the cytoplasm of uninfected cells and following viral infection, double-stranded RNA (dsRNA), or toll-like receptor (TLR) signaling, is

phosphorylated by IKBKE and TBK1 kinases (PubMed:22394562,

PubMed: 25636800, PubMed: 27302953, PubMed: 36603579). This induces a conformational change, leading to its dimerization and nuclear localization and association with CREB binding protein (CREBBP) to form dsRNA-activated factor 1 (DRAF1), a complex which activates the transcription of the type I IFN and ISG genes (PubMed:16154084, PubMed:27302953, PubMed:33440148, PubMed:36603579). Can activate distinct gene expression programs in macrophages and can induce significant apoptosis in primary macrophages (PubMed:16846591). In response to Sendai virus infection, is recruited by TOMM70:HSP90AA1 to mitochondrion and forms an apoptosis complex TOMM70:HSP90AA1:IRF3:BAX inducing apoptosis (PubMed:25609812). Key transcription factor regulating the IFN response during SARS-CoV-2 infection (PubMed:33440148).

**Cellular Location** 

Cytoplasm. Nucleus Mitochondrion. Note=Shuttles between cytoplasmic and nuclear compartments, with export being the prevailing effect (PubMed:10805757, PubMed:35922005). When activated, IRF3 interaction with CREBBP prevents its export to the cytoplasm (PubMed:10805757). Recruited to mitochondria via TOMM70:HSP90AA1 upon Sendai virus infection (PubMed:25609812).

**Tissue Location** 

Expressed constitutively in a variety of tissues.

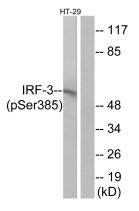
### **Background**

Key transcriptional regulator of type I interferon (IFN)-dependent immune responses which plays a critical role in the innate immune response against DNA and RNA viruses. Regulates the transcription of type I IFN genes (IFN-alpha and IFN-beta) and IFN-stimulated genes (ISG) by binding to an interferon-stimulated response element (ISRE) in their promoters. Acts as a more potent activator of the IFN-beta (IFNB) gene than the IFN-alpha (IFNA) gene and plays a critical role in both the early and late phases of the IFNA/B gene induction. Found in an inactive form in the cytoplasm of uninfected cells and following viral infection, double-stranded RNA (dsRNA), or toll-like receptor (TLR) signaling, is phosphorylated by IKBKE and TBK1 kinases. This induces a conformational change, leading to its dimerization and nuclear localization and association with CREB binding protein (CREBBP) to form dsRNA-activated factor 1 (DRAF1), a complex which activates the transcription of the type I IFN and ISG genes. Can activate distinct gene expression programs in macrophages and can induce significant apoptosis in primary macrophages.

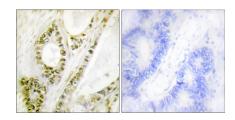
#### References

Au W.W.-C.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 92:11657-11661(1995). Tabata Y.,et al.Submitted (FEB-2003) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Grimwood J.,et al.Nature 428:529-535(2004). Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (JUL-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

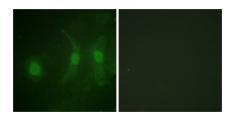
## **Images**



Western blot analysis of extracts from HT-29 cells, treated with insulin (0.01U/ml, 15mins), using IRF-3 (Phospho-Ser385) antibody.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma tissue using IRF-3 (Phospho-Ser385) antibody.



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells, using IRF-3 (Phospho-Ser385) antibody.

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