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cIAP2 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)
Catalog # AP52771

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	Q13489
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG1
Calculated MW	68372

Additional Information

Gene ID	330
Other Names	AIP 1;AIP1;API 2;API2;API2;Apoptosis inhibitor 2;Baculoviral IAP repeat containing 3;Baculoviral IAP repeat containing protein 3;Baculoviral IAP repeat-containing protein 3;BIRC 3;BIRC3;BIRC3;BIRC3_HUMAN;C IAP2;C-IAP2;CIAP 2;CIAP 2;CIAP2;HAIP 1;HAIP1;HAIP1; HIAP 1;HIAP-1;HIAP1;IAP homolog C;IAP-1;Inhibitor of apoptosis protein 1;Inhibitor of apoptosis protein 1;MALT 2;MALT2;Mammalian IAP homolog C;MIHC;MIHC;RING finger protein 49;RNF49;TNFR2 TRAF signaling complex protein 1;TNFR2 TRAF signalling complex protein;TNFR2-TRAF-signaling complex protein 1.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000
Format	ascites
Storage	Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name	BIRC3
Synonyms	API2, MIHC, RNF49
Function	Multi-functional protein which regulates not only caspases and apoptosis, but also modulates inflammatory signaling and immunity, mitogenic kinase signaling and cell proliferation, as well as cell invasion and metastasis. Acts as an E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase regulating NF-kappa-B signaling and regulates both canonical and non- canonical NF-kappa-B signaling by acting in opposite directions: acts as a positive regulator of the canonical pathway and suppresses constitutive activation of non-canonical NF-kappa-B signaling. The target proteins for its E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase activity include: RIPK1,

	RIPK2, RIPK3, RIPK4, CASP3, CASP7, CASP8, IKBKE, TRAF1, and BCL10. Acts as an important regulator of innate immune signaling via regulation of Toll-like receptors (TLRs), Nodlike receptors (NLRs) and RIG-I like receptors (RLRs), collectively referred to as pattern recognition receptors (PRRs). Protects cells from spontaneous formation of the ripoptosome, a large multi-protein complex that has the capability to kill cancer cells in a caspase-dependent and caspase- independent manner. Suppresses ripoptosome formation by ubiquitinating RIPK1 and CASP8.
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm. Nucleus
Tissue Location	Highly expressed in fetal lung, and kidney. In the adult, expression is mainly seen in lymphoid tissues, including spleen, thymus and peripheral blood lymphocytes

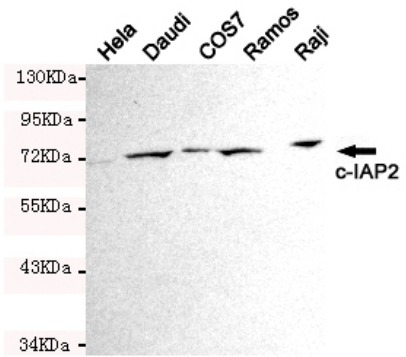
Background

Multi-functional protein which regulates not only caspases and apoptosis, but also modulates inflammatory signaling and immunity, mitogenic kinase signaling and cell proliferation, as well as cell invasion and metastasis. Acts as an E3 ubiquitin- protein ligase regulating NF-kappa-B signaling and regulates both canonical and non-canonical NF-kappa-B signaling by acting in opposite directions: acts as a positive regulator of the canonical pathway and suppresses constitutive activation of non-canonical NF-kappa-B signaling. The target proteins for its E3 ubiquitin- protein ligase activity include: RIPK1, RIPK2, RIPK3, RIPK4, CASP3, CASP7, CASP8, IKBKE, TRAF1, and BCL10. Acts as an important regulator of innate immune signaling via regulation of Toll-like receptors (TLRs), Nodlike receptors (NLRs) and RIG-I like receptors (RLRs), collectively referred to as pattern recognition receptors (PRRs). Protects cells from spontaneous formation of the ripoptosome, a large multi-protein complex that has the capability to kill cancer cells in a caspase-dependent and caspase- independent manner. Suppresses ripoptosome formation by ubiquitinating RIPK1 and CASP8.

References

Rothe M.,et al.Cell 83:1243-1252(1995).
Liston P.,et al.Nature 379:349-353(1996).
Uren A.G.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 93:4974-4978(1996).
Horrevoets A.J.G.,et al.Blood 93:3418-3431(1999).
Baens M.,et al.Genes Chromosomes Cancer 29:281-291(2000).

Images



Western blot detection of c-IAP2 in Ramos,COS7,Raji and Daudi cell lysates using c-IAP2 mouse mAb (1:1000 diluted).Predicted band size: 68KDa,Observed band size:72KDa.