

CD276 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP53332

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<u>Q5ZPR3</u>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	57235

Additional Information

Gene ID	80381
Other Names	CD276 antigen, 4Ig-B7-H3, B7 homolog 3, B7-H3, Costimulatory molecule, CD276, CD276, B7H3
Dilution	WB~~ 1:4000
Format	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% glycerol
Storage	Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name Synonyms	CD276 B7H3
Function	May participate in the regulation of T-cell-mediated immune response. May play a protective role in tumor cells by inhibiting natural-killer mediated cell lysis as well as a role of marker for detection of neuroblastoma cells. May be involved in the development of acute and chronic transplant rejection and in the regulation of lymphocytic activity at mucosal surfaces. Could also play a key role in providing the placenta and fetus with a suitable immunological environment throughout pregnancy. Both isoform 1 and isoform 2 appear to be redundant in their ability to modulate CD4 T-cell responses. Isoform 2 is shown to enhance the induction of cytotoxic T-cells and selectively stimulates interferon gamma production in the presence of T-cell receptor signaling.
Cellular Location	Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein
Tissue Location	Ubiquitous but not detectable in peripheral blood lymphocytes or granulocytes. Weakly expressed in resting monocytes Expressed in dendritic

cells derived from monocytes. Expressed in epithelial cells of sinonasal tissue. Expressed in extravillous trophoblast cells and Hofbauer cells of the first trimester placenta and term placenta.

Background

May participate in the regulation of T-cell-mediated immune response. May play a protective role in tumor cells by inhibiting natural-killer mediated cell lysis as well as a role of marker for detection of neuroblastoma cells. May be involved in the development of acute and chronic transplant rejection and in the regulation of lymphocytic activity at mucosal surfaces. Could also play a key role in providing the placenta and fetus with a suitable immunological environment throughout pregnancy. Both isoform 1 and isoform 2 appear to be redundant in their ability to modulate CD4 T-cell responses. Isoform 2 is shown to enhance the induction of cytotoxic T-cells and selectively stimulates interferon gamma production in the presence of T-cell receptor signaling.

References

Chapoval A.I.,et al.Nat. Immunol. 2:269-274(2001). Steinberger P.,et al.J. Immunol. 172:2352-2359(2004). Clark H.F.,et al.Genome Res. 13:2265-2270(2003). Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Otsuki T.,et al.DNA Res. 12:117-126(2005).

Images



All lanes : Anti-CD276 Antibody at 1:4000 dilution Lane 1: Hela whole cell lysate Lane 2: human pancreas lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L),Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 57 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.