10320 Camino Santa Fe, Suite G San Diego, CA 92121 Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999



# Anti-SIRT6 Antibody

Mouse Anti Human Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AP53392

#### **Product Information**

ApplicationWB, IF, IPPrimary AccessionQ8N6T7Other AccessionNM 016539

**Reactivity** Human, Mouse, Rat, Monkey

HostMouseClonalityMonoclonalIsotypeIgG1

**Immunogen** Purified recombinant human SIRT6 protein expressed in E.coli.

**Purification** Affinity purified

Calculated MW 39119

#### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 51548

Other Names 2810449N18Rik;AI043036;Mono ADP ribosyltransferase sirtuin

6;NAD-dependent protein deacetylase sirtuin-6;Regulatory protein SIR2 homolog 6;Regulatory protein SIR2 homolog;SIR2 like 6;SIR2 like protein

6;Sir2 related protein type 6;SIR2-like protein 6;SIR2

**Dilution** WB~~1:500 IF~~1:50~200 IP~~N/A

**Format** PBS(pH 7.4) containing with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% glycerol.

**Storage** Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

#### **Protein Information**

Name SIRT6 {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:10873683, ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:14934}

**Function** NAD-dependent protein deacetylase, deacylase and mono-ADP-

ribosyltransferase that plays an essential role in DNA damage repair,

telomere maintenance, metabolic homeostasis, inflammation, tumorigenesis

and aging (PubMed: 18337721, PubMed: 19135889, PubMed: 19625767,

PubMed: <u>21362626</u>, PubMed: <u>21680843</u>, PubMed: <u>23217706</u>, PubMed: <u>23552949</u>, PubMed: <u>23653361</u>, PubMed: <u>24052263</u>, PubMed: <u>27180906</u>, PubMed: <u>27322069</u>, PubMed: <u>29555651</u>,

PubMed: 30374165). Displays protein-lysine deacetylase or defatty-acylase (demyristoylase and depalmitoylase) activity, depending on the context (PubMed: 23552949, PubMed: 24052263, PubMed: 27322069). Acts as a key histone deacetylase by catalyzing deacetylation of histone H3 at 'Lys-9',

'Lys-18' and 'Lys- 56' (H3K9ac, H3K18ac and H3K56ac, respectively), suppressing target gene expression of several transcription factors, including NF-kappa-B (PubMed: 19625767, PubMed: 21362626, PubMed: 23892288, PubMed:23911928, PubMed:24012758, PubMed:26456828, PubMed:26898756, PubMed:27043296, PubMed:27180906, PubMed:30374165, PubMed:33067423). Acts as an inhibitor of transcription elongation by mediating deacetylation of H3K9ac and H3K56ac, preventing release of NELFE from chromatin and causing transcriptional pausing (By similarity). Involved in DNA repair by promoting double-strand break (DSB) repair: acts as a DSB sensor by recognizing and binding DSB sites, leading to (1) recruitment of DNA repair proteins, such as SMARCA5/SNF2H, and (2) deacetylation of histone H3K9ac and H3K56ac (PubMed: 23911928, PubMed:31995034, PubMed:32538779). SIRT6 participation to DSB repair is probably involved in extension of life span (By similarity). Also promotes DNA repair by deacetylating non-histone proteins, such as DDB2 and p53/TP53 (PubMed: 29474172, PubMed: 32789493). Specifically deacetylates H3K18ac at pericentric heterochromatin, thereby maintaining pericentric heterochromatin silencing at centromeres and protecting against genomic instability and cellular senescence (PubMed: 27043296). Involved in telomere maintenance by catalyzing deacetylation of histone H3 in telomeric chromatin, regulating telomere position effect and telomere movement in response to DNA damage (PubMed:18337721, PubMed:19625767, PubMed:21847107). Required for embryonic stem cell differentiation by mediating histone deacetylation of H3K9ac (PubMed: 25915124, PubMed: 29555651). Plays a major role in metabolism by regulating processes such as glycolysis, gluconeogenesis, insulin secretion and lipid metabolism (PubMed:<u>24012758</u>, PubMed:<u>26787900</u>). Inhibits glycolysis via histone deacetylase activity and by acting as a corepressor of the transcription factor HIF1A, thereby controlling the expression of multiple glycolytic genes (By similarity). Has tumor suppressor activity by repressing glycolysis, thereby inhibiting the Warburg effect (PubMed: 23217706). Also regulates glycolysis and tumorigenesis by mediating deacetylation and nuclear export of nonhistone proteins, such as isoform M2 of PKM (PKM2) (PubMed: 26787900). Acts as a negative regulator of gluconeogenesis by mediating deacetylation of non-histone proteins, such as FOXO1 and KAT2A/GCN5 (PubMed:23142079, PubMed:25009184). Promotes beta-oxidation of fatty acids during fasting by catalyzing deacetylation of NCOA2, inducing coactivation of PPARA (By similarity). Acts as a regulator of lipid catabolism in brown adipocytes, both by catalyzing deacetylation of histones and non-histone proteins, such as FOXO1 (By similarity). Also acts as a regulator of circadian rhythms, both by regulating expression of clock-controlled genes involved in lipid and carbohydrate metabolism, and by catalyzing deacetylation of PER2 (By similarity). The defatty-acylase activity is specifically involved in regulation of protein secretion (PubMed:23552949, PubMed:24052263, PubMed:27322069, PubMed: <u>28406396</u>). Has high activity toward long-chain fatty acyl groups and mediates protein-lysine demyristoylation and depalmitoylation of target proteins, such as RRAS2 and TNF, thereby regulating their secretion (PubMed:23552949, PubMed:28406396). Also acts as a mono-ADPribosyltransferase by mediating mono-ADP-ribosylation of PARP1, TRIM28/KAP1 or SMARCC2/BAF170 (PubMed:21680843, PubMed:22753495, PubMed: <u>27322069</u>, PubMed: <u>27568560</u>). Mono-ADP-ribosyltransferase activity is involved in DNA repair, cellular senescence, repression of LINE-1 retrotransposon elements and regulation of transcription (PubMed:21680843, PubMed:22753495, PubMed:27568560).

**Cellular Location** 

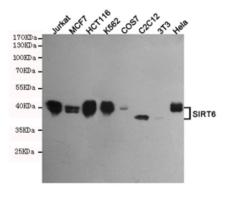
Nucleus. Chromosome. Chromosome, telomere. Endoplasmic reticulum. Note=Predominantly nuclear (PubMed:18337721). Associated with pericentric heterochromatin and telomeric heterochromatin regions (PubMed:18337721, PubMed:27043296) Localizes to DNA damage sites: directly recognizes and binds double- strand breaks (DSBs) sites via a tunnel-like structure that has

high affinity for DSBs (PubMed:21680843, PubMed:23911928, PubMed:27568560, PubMed:31995034, PubMed:32538779). A fraction localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum (PubMed:23552949).

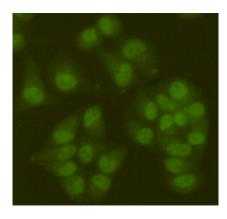
## **Background**

NAD-dependent protein deacetylase. Has deacetylase activity towards histone H3K9Ac and H3K56Ac. Modulates acetylation of histone H3 in telomeric chromatin during the S-phase of the cell cycle. Deacetylates histone H3K9Ac at NF-kappa-B target promoters and

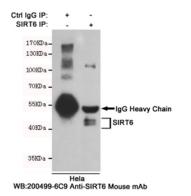
### **Images**



Western blot analysis of extracts from Jurkat, MCF7, HCT116, K562, COS7, C2C12, 3T3 and Hela cell lysates using SIRT6 mouse mAb (1:500 diluted). Predicted band size: 42, 36 KDa. Observed band size: 42, 36 KDa.



Immunofluorescent analysis of Hela cells fixed fixed by 4% paraformaldehyde and using SIRT6 mouse mAb (dilution 1:100).



Immunoprecipitation analysis of Hela cell lysates using SIRT6 mouse mAb.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.