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ALKBH2 Rabbit pAb

Catalog # AP53541

Product Information

Primary Accession	Q6NS38
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal Antibody
Calculated MW	29322

Additional Information

Gene ID	121642
Other Names	DNA oxidative demethylase ALKBH2, 1.14.11.33, Alkylated DNA repair protein alkB homolog 2, Alpha-ketoglutarate-dependent dioxygenase alkB homolog 2, Oxy DC1, ALKBH2, ABH2
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name	ALKBH2
Synonyms	ABH2 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:16174769}
Function	Dioxygenase that repairs alkylated nucleic acid bases by direct reversal oxidative dealkylation. Can process both double- stranded (ds) and single-stranded (ss) DNA substrates, with a strong preference for dsDNA (PubMed:12486230, PubMed:12594517, PubMed:16174769, PubMed:20714506, PubMed:23972994, PubMed:25797601). Uses molecular oxygen, 2-oxoglutarate and iron as cofactors to oxidize the alkyl groups that are subsequently released as aldehydes, regenerating the undamaged bases. Probes the base pair stability, locates a weakened base pair and flips the damaged base to accommodate the lesion in its active site for efficient catalysis (PubMed:18432238, PubMed:22659876). Repairs monoalkylated bases, specifically N1- methyladenine and N3-methylcytosine, as well as higher order alkyl adducts such as bases modified with exocyclic bridged adducts known as etheno adducts including 1,N6-ethenoadenine, 3,N4-ethenocytosine and 1,N2-ethenoguanine (PubMed:12486230, PubMed:12594517, PubMed:16174769, PubMed:20714506, PubMed:23972994, PubMed:25797601, PubMed:26408825). Acts as a gatekeeper of genomic integrity under alkylation stress. Efficiently repairs alkylated lesions in ribosomal DNA (rDNA). These lesions can cause ss- and dsDNA strand breaks that severely impair rDNA transcription (PubMed:23972994). In a response mechanism to DNA damage, associates with PCNA at replication forks to repair alkylated adducts prior to replication

(PubMed:19736315, PubMed:26408825).

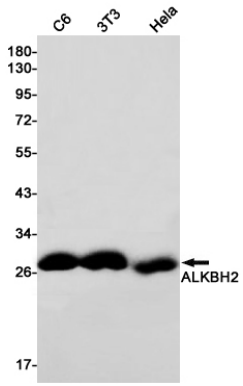
Cellular Location Nucleus. Nucleus, nucleolus. Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Note=Relocates to the replication foci during S-phase.

Tissue Location Detected in colon, small intestine, ovary, testis, prostate, skeletal muscle, heart, liver and urinary bladder

Background

Swiss-Prot Acc.Q6NS38.Dioxygenase that repairs alkylated DNA and RNA containing 1-methyladenine and 3-methylcytosine by oxidative demethylation. Can also repair alkylated DNA containing 1-ethenoadenine (in vitro). Has strong preference for double-stranded DNA. Has low efficiency with single-stranded substrates. Requires molecular oxygen, alpha-ketoglutarate and iron.

Images



Western blot detection of ALKBH2 in C6,3T3,Hela cell lysates using ALKBH2 Rabbit pAb(1:1000 diluted).Predicted band size:29kDa.Observed band size:29kDa.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.