

# Anti-EPHB1/2 Antibody

Catalog # AP54131

## **Product Information**

| Application<br>Primary Accession<br>Other Accession<br>Reactivity<br>Host<br>Clonality<br>Calculated MW<br>Additional Information | WB, IF<br>P54762<br>P29323<br>Human, Mouse, Rat<br>Rabbit<br>Polyclonal<br>109885   |
|---|---|
| Come ID   | 2047  |
| Gene ID   | 2047  |
| Other Names   | EPHB1; ELK; EPHT2; HEK6; NET; Ephrin type-B receptor 1; ELK; EPH tyrosine<br>kinase 2; EPH-like kinase 6; EK6; hEK6; Neuronally-expressed EPH-related<br>tyrosine kinase; NET; Tyrosine-protein kinase receptor EPH-2; EPHB2; DRT;<br>EPHT3; EPTH3; ERK; HEK5; TYRO5; Ephrin type-B receptor 2;<br>Developmentally-regulated Eph-related tyrosine kinase; ELK-related tyrosine<br>kinase; EPH tyrosine kinase 3; EPH-like kinase 5; EK5; hEK5; Renal carcinoma<br>antigen NY-REN-47; Tyrosine-protein kinase TYRO5; Tyrosine-protein kinase<br>receptor EPH-3 |
| Target/Specificity  | Recognizes endogenous levels of EPHB1/2 protein.  |

| Dilution | WB~~1/500 - 1/1000 IF~~1/50 - 1/200 |
|----------|-------------------------------------|
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| Format | Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% |
|--------|---|
|        | glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.                                 |

#### StorageStore at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

## **Protein Information**

| Name     | EPHB1  |
|----------|--|
| Synonyms | ELK, EPHT2, HEK6, NET  |
| Function | Receptor tyrosine kinase which binds promiscuously transmembrane<br>ephrin-B family ligands residing on adjacent cells, leading to<br>contact-dependent bidirectional signaling into neighboring cells. The signaling<br>pathway downstream of the receptor is referred to as forward signaling while<br>the signaling pathway downstream of the ephrin ligand is referred to as<br>reverse signaling. Cognate/functional ephrin ligands for this receptor include<br>EFNB1, EFNB2 and EFNB3. During nervous system development, regulates |

|                   | retinal axon guidance redirecting ipsilaterally ventrotemporal retinal ganglion<br>cells axons at the optic chiasm midline. This probably requires repulsive<br>interaction with EFNB2. In the adult nervous system together with EFNB3,<br>regulates chemotaxis, proliferation and polarity of the hippocampus neural<br>progenitors. In addition to its role in axon guidance also plays an important<br>redundant role with other ephrin-B receptors in development and maturation<br>of dendritic spines and synapse formation. May also regulate angiogenesis.<br>More generally, may play a role in targeted cell migration and adhesion. Upon<br>activation by EFNB1 and probably other ephrin-B ligands activates the<br>MAPK/ERK and the JNK signaling cascades to regulate cell migration and<br>adhesion respectively. Involved in the maintenance of the pool of satellite<br>cells (muscle stem cells) by promoting their self-renewal and reducing their<br>activation and differentiation (By similarity). |
|-------------------|---|
| Cellular Location | Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein Early endosome<br>membrane. Cell projection, dendrite {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q8CBF3}   |
| Tissue Location   | Preferentially expressed in brain.  |

### Background

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to EPHB1/2

#### Images



Western blot analysis of EPHB1/2 expression in U87MG (A), rat brain (B), mouse heart (C) whole cell lysates.



Immunohistochemical analysis of EPHB1/2 staining in human breast cancer formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

Immunofluorescent analysis of EPHB1/2 staining in HuvEc cells. Formalin-fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 5-10 minutes and blocked with 3% BSA-PBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody in 3% BSA-PBS and incubated overnight at 4 °C in a hidified chamber. Cells were washed with PBST and incubated



with a DyLight 594-conjugated secondary antibody (red) in PBS at room temperature in the dark. DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclei (blue).

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