

Anti-CD16 Antibody

Catalog # AP54132

Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession P08637
Other Accession O75015
Reactivity Human
Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Calculated MW 29089

Additional Information

Gene ID 2214

Other Names FCGR34; CD16A; FCG3; FCGR3; IGFR3; Low affinity immunoglobulin gamma Fc

region receptor III-A; CD16a antigen; Fc-gamma RIII-alpha; Fc-gamma RIII; Fc-gamma RIIIa; Fc-gamma RIIIa; FcRIIIa; FcR-10; IgG Fc receptor III-2; CD16a; FCGR3B; CD16B; FCG3; FCGR3; IGFR3; Low affinity immunoglobulin gamma Fc region receptor III-B; Fc-gamma RIII-beta; Fc-gamma RIII; Fc-gamma RIIIb; FcRIII;

FcRIIIb; FcR-10; IgG Fc receptor III-1; CD16b

Target/Specificity Recognizes endogenous levels of CD16 protein.

Dilution WB~~1/1000 - 1/2000

Format Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30%

glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name FCGR3A {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:23006327}

Function Receptor for the invariable Fc fragment of immunoglobulin gamma (IgG).

Optimally activated upon binding of clustered antigen-IgG complexes displayed on cell surfaces, triggers lysis of antibody-coated cells, a process known as antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC). Does not bind free monomeric IgG, thus avoiding inappropriate effector cell activation in the absence of antigenic trigger (PubMed:11711607, PubMed:21768335,

PubMed:22023369, PubMed:24412922, PubMed:25786175,

PubMed:<u>25816339</u>, PubMed:<u>28652325</u>, PubMed:<u>8609432</u>, PubMed:<u>9242542</u>). Mediates IgG effector functions on natural killer (NK) cells. Binds antigen-IgG complexes generated upon infection and triggers NK cell-dependent cytokine production and degranulation to limit viral load and propagation. Involved in

the generation of memory-like adaptive NK cells capable to produce high amounts of IFNG and to efficiently eliminate virus-infected cells via ADCC (PubMed:24412922, PubMed:25786175). Regulates NK cell survival and proliferation, in particular by preventing NK cell progenitor apoptosis (PubMed: 29967280, PubMed: 9916693). Fc-binding subunit that associates with CD247 and/or FCER1G adapters to form functional signaling complexes. Following the engagement of antigen-IgG complexes, triggers phosphorylation of immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motif (ITAM)-containing adapters with subsequent activation of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase signaling and sustained elevation of intracellular calcium that ultimately drive NK cell activation. The ITAM-dependent signaling coupled to receptor phosphorylation by PKC mediates robust intracellular calcium flux that leads to production of pro-inflammatory cytokines, whereas in the absence of receptor phosphorylation it mainly activates phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase signaling leading to cell degranulation (PubMed: 1825220, PubMed:23024279, PubMed:2532305). Costimulates NK cells and trigger lysis of target cells independently of IgG binding (PubMed:10318937, PubMed: 23006327). Mediates the antitumor activities of therapeutic antibodies. Upon ligation on monocytes triggers TNFA-dependent ADCC of IgG-coated tumor cells (PubMed: <u>27670158</u>). Mediates enhanced ADCC in response to afucosylated IgGs (PubMed:34485821).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Secreted. Note=Also exists as a soluble receptor

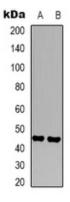
Tissue Location

Expressed in natural killer cells (at protein level) (PubMed:2526846). Expressed in a subset of circulating monocytes (at protein level) (PubMed:27670158).

Background

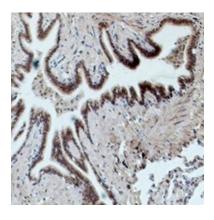
Mouse monoclonal antibody to CD16

Images



Western blot analysis of CD16 expression in Jurkat (A), K562 (B) whole cell lysates.

Immunohistochemical analysis of CD16 staining in human lung cancer formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



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