

Acinus Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP54182

Product Information

Application IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, E

Primary Accession Q9UKV3

Reactivity Rat, Dog, Bovine

Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Calculated MW 151862 **Physical State** Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Acinus

501-600/1341 **Epitope Specificity**

Isotype IgG

affinity purified by Protein A **Purity**

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Nucleus, Nucleus speckle, Nucleus, nucleoplasm, Note=Phosphorylation on

Ser-1180 by SRPK2 redistributes it from the nuclear speckles to the

nucleoplasm.

SIMILARITY Contains 1 SAP domain.

SUBUNIT Found in a mRNA splicing-dependent exon junction complex (EJC), at least

composed of ACIN1, CASC3, EIF4A3, MAGOH, PNN, RBM8A, RNPS1, SAP18 and ALYREF/THOC4. Forms heterodimers with RNPS1. Found in a heterotrimeric complex with ACIN1, RNPS1 and SAP18. Interacts with API5. Interacts with

SRPK2 in a phosphorylation-dependent manner.

Post-translational Phosphorylation on Ser-1180 by SRPK2 up-regulates its stimulatory effect on modifications

cyclin A1. Undergoes proteolytic cleavage; the processed form is active,

contrary to the uncleaved form.

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in **Important Note**

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions Chromatin condensation and nuclear fragmentation (CCNF) are the hallmarks

> of apoptosis. CCNF is triggered by the activation of members of the caspase family, caspase activated DNase (CAD/DFF40), and several novel proteins including AIF and CIDE. A new inducer of chromatin condensation was recently identified and designated Acinus (for apoptotic chromatin

> condensation inducer in the nucleus). Acinus is cleaved by Caspase 3 and an additional unknown protease generating a small active peptide p17, which causes chromatin condensation in vitro when it is added to purified nuclei. Acinus also induces apoptotic chromatin condensation in cells. Acinus is ubiquitously expressed. Three different spliced forms of Acinus have been identified in human and mouse and designated Acinus L (1341 amino acids),

Acinus S (583 amino acids) and Acinus S' (614 amino acids)

Additional Information

Gene ID 22985

Other Names Apoptotic chromatin condensation inducer in the nucleus, Acinus, ACIN1,

ACINUS, KIAA0670

Target/Specificity Ubiquitous. The Ser-1180 phosphorylated form (by SRPK2) is highly expressed

and phosphorylated in patients with myeloid hematologic malignancies.

Dilution IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-10000

Format 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name ACIN1

Synonyms ACINUS, KIAA0670

Function Auxiliary component of the splicing-dependent multiprotein exon junction

complex (EJC) deposited at splice junction on mRNAs. The EJC is a dynamic structure consisting of core proteins and several peripheral nuclear and cytoplasmic associated factors that join the complex only transiently either during EJC assembly or during subsequent mRNA metabolism. Component of the ASAP complexes which bind RNA in a sequence-independent manner and are proposed to be recruited to the EJC prior to or during the splicing process and to regulate specific excision of introns in specific transcription subsets; ACIN1 confers RNA-binding to the complex. The ASAP complex can inhibit RNA processing during in vitro splicing reactions. The ASAP complex promotes apoptosis and is disassembled after induction of apoptosis. Involved in the splicing modulation of BCL2L1/Bcl-X (and probably other apoptotic genes); specifically inhibits formation of proapoptotic isoforms such as Bcl-X(S); the activity is different from the established EJC assembly and function. Induces apoptotic chromatin condensation after activation by CASP3. Regulates cyclin A1, but not cyclin A2, expression in leukemia cells.

Cellular Location Nucleus. Nucleus speckle. Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Note=Phosphorylation on

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Tissue Location Ubiquitous. The Ser-1180 phosphorylated form (by SRPK2) is highly expressed

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Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.