

# Rasgrp1 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP54263

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">O95267</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Rat, Dog
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Calculated MW</b>	90402
<b>Physical State</b>	Liquid
<b>Immunogen</b>	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Rasgrp1
<b>Epitope Specificity</b>	701-797/797
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Purity</b>	affinity purified by Protein A
<b>Buffer</b>	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
<b>SUBCELLULAR LOCATION</b>	Cell Membrane, Cytoplasmic, Endoplasmic reticulum and Golgi Apparatus. Found in membrane fraction. Relocalization to the cell membrane upon activation is F-actin-dependent. Translocates to the Golgi in response to phorbol ester or nerve growth factor.
<b>SIMILARITY</b>	Belongs to the RASGRP family. Contains 2 EF-hand domains. Contains 1 N-terminal Ras-GEF domain. Contains 1 phorbol-ester/DAG-type zinc finger. Contains 1 Ras-GEF domain.
<b>SUBUNIT</b>	Forms a signaling complex with DGKZ and HRAS. Interacts with F-actin. Interacts with SKAP1.
<b>Post-translational modifications</b>	Defects in RASGRP1 may contribute to susceptibility to systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) [MIM:152700]. SLE is a chronic, inflammatory and often febrile multisystemic disorder of connective tissue. It affects principally the skin, joints, kidneys and serosal membranes. SLE is thought to represent a failure of the regulatory mechanisms of the autoimmune system. Note=Aberrantly spliced isoforms and/or diminished levels of RASGRP1 are found in a cohort of SLE patients raising the possibility that dysregulation of this signaling protein contributes to the development of autoimmunity in a subset of SLE patients.
<b>DISEASE</b>	Defects in RASGRP1 may contribute to susceptibility to systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) [MIM:152700]. SLE is a chronic, inflammatory and often febrile multisystemic disorder of connective tissue. It affects principally the skin, joints, kidneys and serosal membranes. SLE is thought to represent a failure of the regulatory mechanisms of the autoimmune system. Note=Aberrantly spliced isoforms and/or diminished levels of RASGRP1 are found in a cohort of SLE patients raising the possibility that dysregulation of this signaling protein contributes to the development of autoimmunity in a subset of SLE patients.
<b>Important Note</b>	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
<b>Background Descriptions</b>	This gene is a member of a family of genes characterized by the presence of a Ras superfamily guanine nucleotide exchange factor (GEF) domain. It

functions as a diacylglycerol (DAG)-regulated nucleotide exchange factor specifically activating Ras through the exchange of bound GDP for GTP. It activates the Erk/MAP kinase cascade and regulates T-cells and B-cells development, homeostasis and differentiation. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. Altered expression of the different isoforms of this protein may be a cause of susceptibility to systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE). [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008].

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	10125
<b>Other Names</b>	RAS guanyl-releasing protein 1, Calcium and DAG-regulated guanine nucleotide exchange factor II, CalDAG-GEFII, Ras guanyl-releasing protein, RASGRP1, RASGRP
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	Expressed in brain with higher expression in cerebellum, cerebral cortex and amygdala. Expressed in the hematopoietic system. Expressed in T-cells (at protein level).
<b>Dilution</b>	IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-10000
<b>Format</b>	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	RASGRP1
<b>Synonyms</b>	RASGRP
<b>Function</b>	Functions as a calcium- and diacylglycerol (DAG)-regulated nucleotide exchange factor specifically activating Ras through the exchange of bound GDP for GTP (PubMed: <a href="#">15899849</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">23908768</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">27776107</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">29155103</a> ). Activates the Erk/MAP kinase cascade (PubMed: <a href="#">15899849</a> ). Regulates T-cell/B-cell development, homeostasis and differentiation by coupling T-lymphocyte/B-lymphocyte antigen receptors to Ras (PubMed: <a href="#">10807788</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">12839994</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">27776107</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">29155103</a> ). Regulates NK cell cytotoxicity and ITAM-dependent cytokine production by activation of Ras-mediated ERK and JNK pathways (PubMed: <a href="#">19933860</a> ). Functions in mast cell degranulation and cytokine secretion, regulating FcERI-evoked allergic responses. May also function in differentiation of other cell types (PubMed: <a href="#">12845332</a> ).
<b>Cellular Location</b>	Cytoplasm, cytosol. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Golgi apparatus membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Peripheral membrane protein Note=Found both in the cytosol and associated with membranes Relocalization to the cell membrane upon activation is F-actin- dependent. Translocates to the Golgi in response to phorbol ester or nerve growth factor. Localizes to somata and dendrites but not to axons of hippocampal pyramidal cells (By similarity).

**Tissue Location**

Expressed in brain with higher expression in cerebellum, cerebral cortex and amygdala. Expressed in the hematopoietic system. Expressed in T-cells (at protein level) Expressed in NK cells (at protein level) (PubMed:19933860)

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.