

MYH8 Rabbit pAb

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Product Information

Application E

Primary Accession P13535

Predicted Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Rabbit, Sheep

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 222763
Physical State Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Myosin-8

Epitope Specificity 1701-1800/1937

Isotype IgG

Purity affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION

SIMILARITY SUBUNIT 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Cytoplasm, myofibril. Note=Thick filaments of the myofibrils. Contains 1 IQ domain. Contains 1 myosin head-like domain.

Muscle myosin is a hexameric protein that consists of 2 heavy chain subunits (MHC), 2 alkali light chain subunits (MLC) and 2 regulatory light chain subunits

(MLC-2).

DISEASE Carney complex variant (CACOV) [MIM:608837]: Carney complex is a multiple

neoplasia syndrome characterized by spotty skin pigmentation, cardiac and

other myxomas, endocrine tumors, and psammomatous melanotic schwannomas. Familial cardiac myxomas are associated with spotty

pigmentation of the skin and other phenotypes, including primary pigmented

nodular adrenocortical dysplasia, extracardiac (frequently cutaneous)

myxomas, schwannomas, and pituitary, thyroid, testicular, bone, ovarian, and breast tumors. Cardiac myxomas do not develop in all patients with the Carney complex, but affected patients have at least two features of the

complex or one feature and a clinically significant family history. Note=The disease is caused by mutations affecting the gene represented in this entry. Arthrogryposis, distal, 7 (DA7) [MIM:158300]: A form of distal

arthrogryposis, a disease characterized by congenital joint contractures that mainly involve two or more distal parts of the limbs, in the absence of a primary neurological or muscle disease. DA7 is characterized by an inability to open the mouth fully (trismus) and pseudocamptodactyly in which wrist dorsiflexion, but not volarflexion, produces involuntary flexion contracture of

distal and proximal interphalangeal joints. Additional features include shortened hamstring muscles and short stature. Note=The disease is caused by mutations affecting the gene represented in this entry.

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human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions Myosins are actin-based motor proteins that function in the generation of

mechanical force in eukaryotic cells. Muscle myosins are heterohexamers composed of 2 myosin heavy chains and 2 pairs of nonidentical myosin light chains. This gene encodes a member of the class II or conventional myosin

Important Note

heavy chains, and functions in skeletal muscle contraction. This gene is predominantly expressed in fetal skeletal muscle. This gene is found in a cluster of myosin heavy chain genes on chromosome 17. A mutation in this gene results in trismus-pseudocamptodactyly syndrome. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2009]

Additional Information

Gene ID 4626

Other Names Myosin-8, Myosin heavy chain 8, Myosin heavy chain, skeletal muscle,

perinatal, MyHC-perinatal, MYH8

Dilution ELISA=1:5000-10000

Storage Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name MYH8

Function Muscle contraction.

Cellular Location Cytoplasm, myofibril. Note=Thick filaments of the myofibrils

Background

Myosins are actin-based motor proteins that function in the generation of mechanical force in eukaryotic cells. Muscle myosins are heterohexamers composed of 2 myosin heavy chains and 2 pairs of nonidentical myosin light chains. This gene encodes a member of the class II or conventional myosin heavy chains, and functions in skeletal muscle contraction. This gene is predominantly expressed in fetal skeletal muscle. This gene is found in a cluster of myosin heavy chain genes on chromosome 17. A mutation in this gene results in trismus-pseudocamptodactyly syndrome. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2009]

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