

FAM98A Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP54340

Product Information

Application	IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E
Primary Accession	Q8NCA5
Reactivity	Rat, Pig, Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	55273
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human FAM98A
Epitope Specificity	251-350/519
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SIMILARITY	Belongs to the FAM98 family.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	Encoding more than 700 genes, chromosome 15 is made up of approximately 106 million base pairs and is about 3% of the human genome. Angelman and Prader-Willi syndromes are associated with loss of function or deletion of genes in the 15q11-q13 region. In the case of Angelman syndrome, this loss is due to inactivity of the maternal 15q11-q13 encoded UBE3A gene in the brain by either chromosomal deletion or mutation. In cases of Prader-Willi syndrome, there is a partial or complete deletion of this region from the paternal copy of chromosome 15. Tay-Sachs disease is a lethal disorder associated with mutations of the HEXA gene, which is encoded by chromosome 15. Marfan syndrome is associated with chromosome 15 through the FBN1 gene. The FAM98 gene product has been provisionally designated FAM98 pending further characterization.

Additional Information

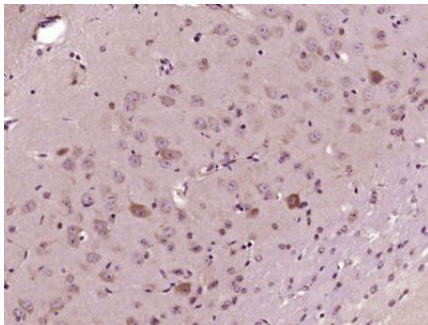
Gene ID	25940
Other Names	Protein FAM98A, FAM98A (HGNC:24520)
Dilution	IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,Flow-Cyt=1 µg/Test,ELISA=1:5000-10000
Format	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

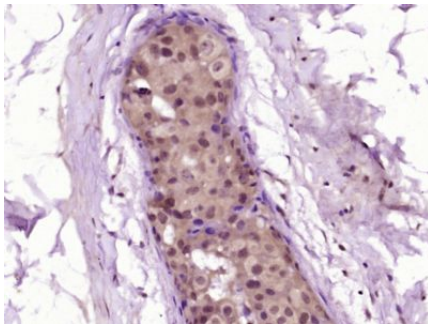
Protein Information

Name	FAM98A (HGNC:24520)
Function	Positively stimulates PRMT1-induced protein arginine methylation (PubMed: 28040436). Involved in skeletal homeostasis (By similarity). Positively regulates lysosome peripheral distribution and ruffled border formation in osteoclasts (By similarity).
Tissue Location	Expressed strongly in colorectal cancer cells (PubMed:28040436). Expressed strongly in colorectal cancer tissues compared to wild-type colon samples (at protein level) (PubMed:28040436). Expressed strongly in colorectal cancer tissues compared to wild-type colon samples (PubMed:28040436)

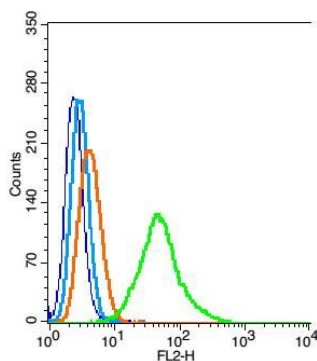
Images



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Mouse brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (FAM98A) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP54340) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Human breast carcinoma); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (FAM98A) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP54340) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Blank control: hela(blue), the cells were fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with ice-cold 90% methanol for 30 min on ice..

Isotype Control Antibody: Rabbit IgG(orange) ;
Secondary Antibody: Goat anti-rabbit IgG-PE(white blue),
Dilution: 1:200 in 1 X PBS containing 0.5% BSA ; Primary Antibody Dilution: 1 µg in 100 µL 1X PBS containing 0.5% BSA(green).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.