

PQBP1 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP54617

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E
Primary Accession	O60828
Reactivity	Rat, Pig, Dog, Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	30472

Additional Information

Gene ID	10084
Other Names	Polyglutamine-binding protein 1, PQBP-1, 38 kDa nuclear protein containing a WW domain, Npw38, Polyglutamine tract-binding protein 1, PQBP1
Dilution	WB=1:500-2000,IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-10000
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name	PQBP1
Function	Intrinsically disordered protein that acts as a scaffold, and which is involved in different processes, such as pre-mRNA splicing, transcription regulation, innate immunity and neuron development (PubMed:10198427, PubMed:10332029, PubMed:12062018, PubMed:20410308, PubMed:23512658). Interacts with splicing-related factors via the intrinsically disordered region and regulates alternative splicing of target pre-mRNA species (PubMed:10332029, PubMed:12062018, PubMed:20410308, PubMed:23512658). May suppress the ability of POU3F2 to transactivate the DRD1 gene in a POU3F2 dependent manner. Can activate transcription directly or via association with the transcription machinery (PubMed:10198427). May be involved in ATXN1 mutant-induced cell death (PubMed:12062018). The interaction with ATXN1 mutant reduces levels of phosphorylated RNA polymerase II large subunit (PubMed:12062018). Involved in the assembly of cytoplasmic stress granule, possibly by participating in the transport of neuronal RNA granules (PubMed:21933836). Also acts as an innate immune sensor of infection by retroviruses, such as HIV, by detecting the presence of reverse-transcribed DNA in the cytosol

(PubMed:[26046437](#)). Directly binds retroviral reverse-transcribed DNA in the cytosol and interacts with CGAS, leading to activate the cGAS-STING signaling pathway, triggering type-I interferon production (PubMed:[26046437](#)).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Nucleus speckle {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q91VJ5}. Cytoplasmic granule. Note=Colocalizes with SRSF2 in nuclear speckles (By similarity). Colocalized with POU3F2 (PubMed:10332029) Colocalized with ATXN1 in nuclear inclusion bodies (PubMed:12062018) Localizes to cytoplasmic stress granules (PubMed:21933836) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q91VJ5, ECO:0000269|PubMed:10332029, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12062018, ECO:0000269|PubMed:21933836}

Tissue Location

Widely expressed with high level in heart, skeletal muscle, pancreas, spleen, thymus, prostate, ovary, small intestine and peripheral blood leukocytes.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.