

REEP1 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP54618

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E

Primary Accession Q9H902

Reactivity Rat, Pig, Dog, Bovine

Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Calculated MW 22255 **Physical State** Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human REEP1

53-150/201 **Epitope Specificity** Isotype IgG

affinity purified by Protein A **Purity**

Buffer

0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Membrane. Mitochondrion membrane; Multi-passmembrane protein.

Endoplasmic reticulum.

SIMILARITY Belongs to the DP1 family.

Interacts with SPAST and ATL1; it preferentially interacts with SPAST isoform **SUBUNIT**

1. Interacts (via C-terminus) withmicrotubules. Interacts with odorant

receptor proteins

Post-translational modifications **DISEASE**

Belongs to the DP1 family.

Defects in REEP1 are the cause of spastic paraplegia autosomal dominant type 31 (SPG31) [MIM:610250]. Spastic paraplegia is a neurodegenerative disorder characterized by a slow, gradual, progressive weakness and spasticity of the lower limbs. Rate of progression and the severity of symptoms are quite variable. Initial symptoms may include difficulty with balance, weakness and stiffness in the legs, muscle spasms, and dragging the toes when walking. In some forms of the disorder, bladder symptoms (such as incontinence) may appear, or the weakness and stiffness may spread to other parts of the body. This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Important Note

Background Descriptions

Transport of G protein-coupled receptors (GPCRs) to the cell surface membrane is critical for receptor-ligand recognition. Mammalian GPCR odorant receptors (ORs), when heterologously expressed in cells, are poorly expressed on the cell surface. REEP1 (receptor expression-enhancing protein 1), is a 201 amino acid multi-pass mitochondrion membrane protein that belongs to the DP1 family. REEP1 interacts with odorant receptor proteins and may enhance the cell surface expression of odorant receptors. Mutations in the REEP1 gene are the third most common cause of hereditary spastic paraplegia (HSP) after spastin and atlastin gene mutations. Mutations in the REEP1 gene also cause spastic paraplegia autosomal dominant type 31, a neurodegenerative disorder. The REEP1 gene is conserved in chimpanzee, dog, cow, mouse, rat, chicken, zebrafish, A.thaliana and rice, and maps to human chromosome 2p11.2.

Additional Information

Gene ID 65055

Other Names Receptor expression-enhancing protein 1, Spastic paraplegia 31 protein,

REEP1, C2orf23, SPG31 {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:23969831}

Dilution WB=1:500-2000,IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC=1:100-500,IF=1:100-50

0,ELISA=1:5000-10000

Format 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name REEP1

Synonyms C2orf23, SPG31 {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:23969

Function Required for endoplasmic reticulum (ER) network formation, shaping and

remodeling; it links ER tubules to the cytoskeleton. May also enhance the cell surface expression of odorant receptors (PubMed:20200447). May play a role

in long-term axonal maintenance (PubMed:24478229).

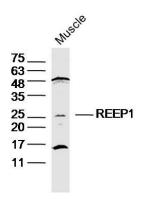
Cellular Location Membrane. Mitochondrion membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Endoplasmic reticulum Note=Localizes to endoplasmic reticulum tubular

network

Tissue Location Expressed in circumvallate papillae and testis.

Images



Sample: Muscle (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug

Primary: Anti-REEP1 (AP54618) at 1/300 dilution Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at

1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 22kD Observed band size: 25kD

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.