

KIRREL3 Rabbit pAb

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Catalog # AP54653

Product Information

Primary Accession	Q8IZU9
Reactivity	Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	85255
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human KIRREL3
Epitope Specificity	351-450/778
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SUBCELLULAR LOCATION	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein
SIMILARITY	Belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily. Contains 5 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains.
SUBUNIT	Interacts with the C-terminus of NPHS2/podocin. Interacts with CASK.
Post-translational modifications	Phosphorylation probably regulates the interaction with NSH2. Phosphorylated at Tyr-605 and Tyr-606 by FYN, leading to GRB2 binding (By similarity).N-glycosylated (By similarity).
DISEASE	Note=A chromosomal aberration involving KIRREL3 and CDH15 is found in a patient with severe mental retardation and dysmorphic facial features. Translocation t(11;16)(q24.2;q24). Defects in KIRREL3 are the cause of mental retardation autosomal dominant type 4 (MRD4) [MIM:612581]. Mental retardation is characterized by significantly sub-average general intellectual functioning associated with impairments in adaptative behavior and manifested during the developmental period.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	NEPH2 is a 778 amino acid single-pass type I membrane protein that belongs to the nephrin-like protein family and immunoglobulin superfamily. Expressed in both fetal and adult brain, as well as podocytes of kidney glomeruli, NEPH2 contains five Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains and is thought to play a role in the hematopoietic supportive capacity of stroma cells. NEPH2 undergoes alternative splicing to produce two isoforms and contains a C-terminal cytoplasmic domain which it uses to interact with Podocin, a podocyte protein involved in ultrafiltration. Defects in the gene encoding NEPH2 are associated with mental retardation autosomal dominant type 4 (MRD4).

Additional Information

Gene ID	84623
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Other Names	Kin of IRRE-like protein 3, Kin of irregular chiasm-like protein 3, Nephrin-like protein 2, Processed kin of IRRE-like protein 3, KIRREL3 (HGNC:23204)
Target/Specificity	Expressed in fetal and adult brain. Also expressed in kidney, specifically in podocytes of kidney glomeruli.
Dilution	Flow-Cyt=1 µg/Test
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

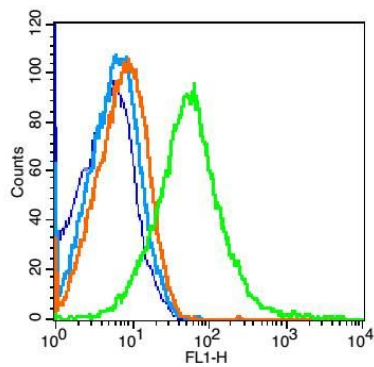
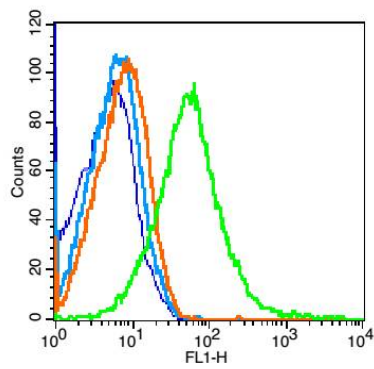
Name	KIRREL3 (HGNC:23204)
Function	Synaptic adhesion molecule required for the formation of target-specific synapses. Required for formation of target-specific synapses at hippocampal mossy fiber synapses. Required for formation of mossy fiber filopodia, the synaptic structures connecting dentate granule and GABA neurons. Probably acts as a homophilic adhesion molecule that promotes trans-cellular interactions and stabilize mossy fiber filopodia contact and subsequent synapse formation. Required for the coalescence of vomeronasal sensory neuron axons. May be involved in the hematopoietic supportive capacity of stroma cells; the secreted extracellular domain is directly responsible for supporting hematopoietic stem cells.
Cellular Location	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein
Tissue Location	Expressed in fetal and adult brain (PubMed:19012874). Also expressed in kidney, specifically in podocytes of kidney glomeruli (PubMed:12424224). Also expressed in skeletal muscle (PubMed:25488023).

Background

NEPH2 is a 778 amino acid single-pass type I membrane protein that belongs to the nephrin-like protein family and immunoglobulin superfamily. Expressed in both fetal and adult brain, as well as podocytes of kidney glomeruli, NEPH2 contains five Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains and is thought to play a role in the hematopoietic supportive capacity of stroma cells. NEPH2 undergoes alternative splicing to produce two isoforms and contains a C-terminal cytoplasmic domain which it uses to interact with Podocin, a podocyte protein involved in ultrafiltration. Defects in the gene encoding NEPH2 are associated with mental retardation autosomal dominant type 4 (MRD4).

Images

Blank control(blue):Mouse nephrocytes (fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min)). Primary Antibody:Rabbit Anti- KIRREL3 antibody(AP54653), Dilution: 1 µg in 100 µL 1X PBS containing 0.5% BSA; Isotype Control Antibody: Rabbit IgG(orange) ,used under the same conditions); Secondary Antibody: Goat anti-rabbit IgG-PE(white blue), Dilution: 1:200 in 1 X PBS containing 0.5% BSA.



Blank control(blue):Mouse nephrocytes (fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min)).

Primary Antibody:Rabbit Anti- KIRREL3 antibody(AP54653), Dilution: 1 μ g in 100 μ L 1X PBS containing 0.5% BSA;

Isotype Control Antibody: Rabbit IgG(orange) ,used under the same conditions);

Secondary Antibody: Goat anti-rabbit IgG-PE(white blue), Dilution: 1:200 in 1 X PBS containing 0.5% BSA.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.