

# **ABCB6 Polyclonal Antibody**

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP54796

#### **Product Information**

**Application** IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, E

Primary Accession Q9NP58

**Reactivity** Rat, Pig, Dog, Bovine

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 93886
Physical State Liquid

**Immunogen** KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human ABCB6

Epitope Specificity 401-520/842

**Isotype** IgG

**Purity** affinity purified by Protein A

**Buffer** 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

**SUBCELLULAR LOCATION** Cell membrane. Mitochondrion outer membrane; Multi-pass membrane

protein. Endoplasmic reticulum. Golgi apparatus.

**SIMILARITY** Belongs to the ABC transporter superfamily. ABCB family. Heavy Metal

importer (TC 3.A.1.210) subfamily. Contains 1 ABC transmembrane type-1

domain. Contains 1 ABC transporter domain.

**SUBUNIT** Homodimer.

**DISEASE** Microphthalmia, isolated, with coloboma, 7 (MCOPCB7) [MIM:614497]: A

disorder of eye formation, ranging from small size of a single eye to complete

bilateral absence of ocular tissues. Ocular abnormalities like opacities of the

cornea and lens, scaring of the retina and choroid, cataract and other abnormalities like cataract may also be present. Ocular colobomas are a set of malformations resulting from abnormal morphogenesis of the optic cup

and stalk, and the fusion of the fetal fissure (optic fissure). Note=The disease is caused by mutations affecting the gene represented in this entry.

**Important Note** This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

**Background Descriptions** The membrane-associated protein encoded by this gene is a member of the

superfamily of ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporters. ABC proteins

transport various molecules across extra- and intra-cellular membranes. ABC genes are divided into seven distinct subfamilies (ABC1, MDR/TAP, MRP, ALD, OABP, GCN20, White). This protein is a member of the MDR/TAP subfamily. Members of the MDR/TAP subfamily are involved in multidrug resistance as well as antigen presentation. This half-transporter likely plays a role in

mitochondrial function. Localized to 2q26, this gene is considered a candidate gene for lethal neonatal metabolic syndrome, a disorder of mitochondrial

function.

## **Additional Information**

Gene ID 10058

Other Names ATP-binding cassette sub-family B member 6, mitochondrial, Mitochondrial

ABC transporter 3, Mt-ABC transporter 3, P-glycoprotein-related protein, Ubiquitously-expressed mammalian ABC half transporter, ABCB6, MTABC3,

PRP, UMAT

**Target/Specificity** Widely expressed. High expression is detected in the retinal epithelium.

**Dilution** IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-10000

Format 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

**Storage** Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

#### **Protein Information**

Name ABCB6 ( HGNC:47)

**Function** ATP-dependent transporter that catalyzes the transport of a broad-spectrum

of porphyrins from the cytoplasm to the extracellular space through the plasma membrane or into the vesicle lumen (PubMed: 17661442,

PubMed:<u>23792964</u>, PubMed:<u>27507172</u>, PubMed:<u>33007128</u>). May also function as an ATP-dependent importer of porphyrins from the cytoplasm into the mitochondria, in turn may participate in the de novo heme biosynthesis regulation and in the coordination of heme and iron homeostasis during

phenylhydrazine stress (PubMed: 10837493, PubMed: 17006453,

PubMed:<u>23792964</u>, PubMed:<u>33007128</u>). May also play a key role in the early steps of melanogenesis producing PMEL amyloid fibrils (PubMed:<u>29940187</u>). In vitro, it confers to cells a resistance to toxic metal such as arsenic and cadmium and against chemotherapeutics agent such as 5-fluorouracil, SN-38 and vincristin (PubMed:<u>21266531</u>, PubMed:<u>25202056</u>, PubMed:<u>31053883</u>). In addition may play a role in the transition metal homeostasis (By similarity).

**Cellular Location** Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Mitochondrion outer

membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Golgi apparatus membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Endosome membrane; Multi-pass membrane

protein. Lysosome membrane. Late endosome membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O70595}. Early endosome membrane

{ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:O70595}. Secreted, extracellular exosome. Mitochondrion. Endosome, multivesicular body membrane. Melanosome membrane. Note=Present in the membrane of mature erythrocytes and in exosomes released from reticulocytes during the final steps of erythroid maturation (PubMed:22655043). Traffics from endoplasmic reticulum to Golgi during its glycans's maturation, therefrom is first targeted to the plasma membrane, and is rapidly internalized through endocytosis to be distributed

to the limiting membrane of multivesicular bodies and lysosomes (PubMed:18279659, PubMed:21199866, PubMed:25627919). Localized on the

limiting membrane of early melanosomes of pigment cells

(PubMed:29940187). Targeted to the endolysosomal compartment (By

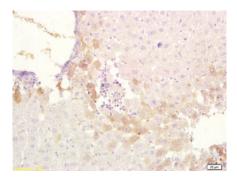
similarity) {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:O70595,

ECO:0000269 | PubMed:18279659, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:21199866, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:22655043, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:25627919,

ECO:0000269 | PubMed:29940187}

Widely expressed. High expression is detected in the retinal epithelium (PubMed:10837493, PubMed:22226084). Expressed in mature erythrocytes (PubMed:22655043).

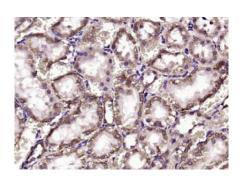
## **Images**



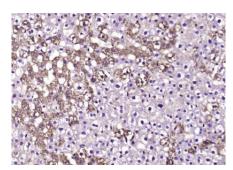
Tissue/cell: rat liver tissue; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded;

Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum, C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;

Incubation: Anti-ABCB6 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(AP54796) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (rat kidney); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (ABCB6) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP54796) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructionsand DAB staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (rat liver); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (ABCB6) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP54796) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.