

STIM2 Rabbit pAb

STIM2 Rabbit pAb
Catalog # AP54992

Product Information

Application	IHC-P, IHC-F, IF
Primary Accession	Q9P246
Reactivity	Mouse
Predicted	Rat, Dog, Human, Rabbit, Sheep
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	83971
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human STIM2
Epitope Specificity	51-150/746
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SUBCELLULAR LOCATION	Endoplasmic reticulum membrane. Dynamically translocates from a uniform endoplasmic reticulum distribution to punctual endoplasmic reticulum-plasma membrane junctions in response to decrease in endoplasmic reticulum Ca(2+) concentration.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	This gene is a member of the stromal interaction molecule (STIM) family and likely arose, along with related family member STIM1, from a common ancestral gene. The encoded protein functions to regulate calcium concentrations in the cytosol and endoplasmic reticulum, and is involved in the activation of plasma membrane Orai Ca(2+) entry channels. This gene initiates translation from a non-AUG (UUG) start site. A signal peptide is cleaved from the resulting protein. Multiple transcript variants result from alternative splicing. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2009]

Additional Information

Gene ID	57620
Other Names	Stromal interaction molecule 2, STIM2, KIAA1482
Dilution	IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

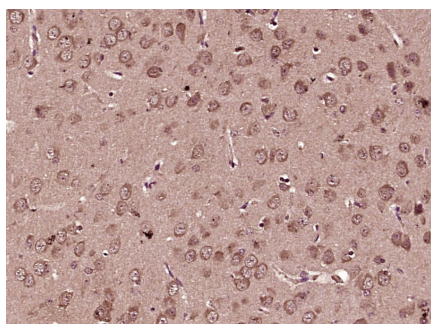
Protein Information

Name	STIM2
Synonyms	KIAA1482
Function	Plays a role in mediating store-operated Ca^{2+} entry (SOCE), a Ca^{2+} influx following depletion of intracellular Ca^{2+} stores. Functions as a highly sensitive Ca^{2+} sensor in the endoplasmic reticulum which activates both store-operated and store-independent Ca^{2+} -influx. Regulates basal cytosolic and endoplasmic reticulum Ca^{2+} concentrations. Upon mild variations of the endoplasmic reticulum Ca^{2+} concentration, translocates from the endoplasmic reticulum to the plasma membrane where it probably activates the Ca^{2+} release-activated Ca^{2+} (CRAC) channels ORAI1, ORAI2 and ORAI3. May inhibit STIM1-mediated Ca^{2+} influx.
Cellular Location	Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Note=Dynamically translocates from a uniform endoplasmic reticulum distribution to punctual endoplasmic reticulum-plasma membrane junctions in response to decrease in endoplasmic reticulum Ca^{2+} concentration
Tissue Location	Expressed in all tissues and tumor cell lines examined.

Background

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Images



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Mouse brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (STIM2) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP54992) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.