

Biliverdin Reductase Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP55006

Product Information

Application IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Rat, Pig
Host
Clonality
Polyclonal
Calculated MW
33428
Physical State
Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human BLVRA/Biliverdin

Reductase

Epitope Specificity 161-260/296

Isotype IgG

Purity affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Cytoplasmic

SIMILARITY Belongs to the Gfo/Idh/MocA family. Biliverdinreductase subfamily.

SUBUNIT Monomer.

DISEASE Defects in BLVRA are the cause of hyperbiliverdinemia(HBLVD) [MIM:614156].

HBLVD is a condition characterized by a greendiscoloration of the skin, urine, serum, and other bodily fluids.It is due to increased biliverdin resulting from

inefficientconversion to bilirubin. Affected individuals appear to

havesymptoms only in the context of obstructive cholestasis and/orliver failure. In some cases, green jaundice can resolve afterresolution of

obstructive cholestasis.

Important Note This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions In human liver cytosolic fractions, four forms of biliverdin reductase have

been identified, including two biliverdin-IX Beta reductases and two

biliverdin-IX Alpha reductases, designated isozymes I and II and isozymes III

and IV, respectively. Biliverdin reductase A (BLVRA), also designated

biliverdin-IX Alpha-reductase, belongs to the GFO/iIDH/MocA family and the biliverdin reductase subfamily. The gene that encodes this cytoplasmic protein maps to chromosome 7p14-cen. BLVRA reduces biliverdin IX ?(the ?methene bridge of the open tetrapyrrole) to bilirubin with the concomitant oxidation of an NADH or NADPH cofactor (bilirubin + NADP+ = biliverdin +

NADPH). BLVRA is expressed primarily in liver.

Additional Information

Gene ID 644

Other Names Biliverdin reductase A, BVR A, 1.3.1.24, Biliverdin-IX alpha-reductase, BLVRA,

BLVR, BVR

Target/Specificity Liver.

Dilution IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,Flow-Cyt=1

©g/Test,ELISA=1:5000-10000

Format 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name BLVRA (HGNC:1062)

Function Reduces the gamma-methene bridge of the open tetrapyrrole, biliverdin

IXalpha, to bilirubin with the concomitant oxidation of a NADH or NADPH cofactor (PubMed:10858451, PubMed:7929092, PubMed:8424666, PubMed:8631357). Does not reduce bilirubin IXbeta (PubMed:10858451). Uses the reactants NADH or NADPH depending on the pH; NADH is used at

the acidic pH range (6-6.9) and NADPH at the alkaline range (8.5-8.7)

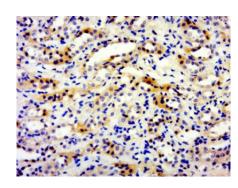
(PubMed:<u>7929092</u>, PubMed:<u>8424666</u>, PubMed:<u>8631357</u>). NADPH, however, is

the probable reactant in biological systems (PubMed:7929092).

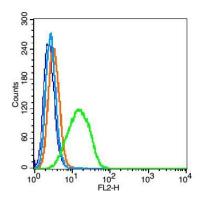
Cellular Location Cytoplasm, cytosol

Tissue Location Liver.

Images



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (rat kidney); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Biliverdin) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP55006) at 1:500 overnight at 4°C, followed by a conjugated secondary (sp-0023) for 20 minutes and DAB staining.



Blank control(blue):Hepg2 cells (fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min), then permeabilized with 90% ice-cold methanol for 30 min on ice).

Primary Antibody:Rabbit Anti- Biliyerdin Reductase

Primary Antibody:Rabbit Anti- Biliverdin Reductase antibody(AP55006), Dilution: 1 μg in 100 μL 1X PBS containing 0.5% BSA;

Isotype Control Antibody: Rabbit IgG(orange) ,used under the same conditions);

Secondary Antibody: Goat anti-rabbit IgG-PE(white blue), Dilution: 1:200 in 1 X PBS containing 0.5% BSA.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.