

CRCP Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP55397

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E

Primary Accession <u>075575</u>

Reactivity Rat, Dog, Bovine

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 16871
Physical State Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human CRCP

Epitope Specificity 21-120/148

Isotype IgG

Purity affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Nucleus. Cell membrane.

SIMILARITY Belongs to the eukaryotic RPC9 RNA polymerase subunit family.

Important NoteThis product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions This gene encodes a membrane protein that functions as part of a receptor

complex for a small neuropeptide that increases intracellular cAMP levels. Alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different isoforms, have

been characterized. [provided by RefSeg, Jul 2008]

Additional Information

Gene ID 27297

Other Names DNA-directed RNA polymerase III subunit RPC9, RNA polymerase III subunit

C9, Calcitonin gene-related peptide-receptor component protein, CGRP-RCP,

CGRP-receptor component protein, CGRPRCP, HsC17, CRCP

Target/Specificity Ubiquitous. Most prevalent in testis.

Dilution WB=1:500-2000,IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC=1:100-500,IF=1:100-50

0,ELISA=1:5000-10000

Format 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name CRCP (HGNC:17888)

Function DNA-dependent RNA polymerase catalyzes the transcription of DNA into

RNA using the four ribonucleoside triphosphates as substrates

(PubMed:<u>20413673</u>, PubMed:<u>33558764</u>, PubMed:<u>34675218</u>). Specific peripheric component of RNA polymerase III (Pol III) which synthesizes small

non-coding RNAs including 5S rRNA, snRNAs, tRNAs and miRNAs from at least 500 distinct genomic loci. With POLR3H/RPC8 forms a mobile stalk that protrudes from Pol III core and functions primarily in transcription initiation (By similarity) (PubMed:20413673, PubMed:33558764, PubMed:33558766, PubMed:34675218). Pol III plays a key role in sensing and limiting infection by intracellular bacteria and DNA viruses. Acts as nuclear and cytosolic DNA sensor involved in innate immune response. Can sense non-self dsDNA that

serves as template for transcription into dsRNA. The non-self RNA polymerase III transcripts, such as Epstein-Barr virus-encoded RNAs (EBERs) induce type I interferon and NF-kappa-B through the RIG-I pathway (PubMed: 19609254,

PubMed: 19631370).

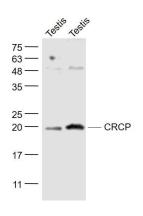
Cellular Location Nucleus. Cell membrane {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:O35427}; Peripheral

membrane protein {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:O35427}; Cytoplasmic side

{ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:O35427}

Tissue Location Ubiquitous. Most prevalent in testis.

Images



Sample:

Testis (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug Testis (Rat) Lysate at 40 ug

Primary: Anti- CRCP (AP55397) at 1/1000 dilution Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at

1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 21 kD Observed band size: 20 kD

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.