

## Gasdermin D/DFNA5L Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP55508

## **Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E
Primary Accession	P57764
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	52801
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GSDMD
Epitope Specificity	31-150/484
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer SIMILARITY Important Note Background Descriptions	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Belongs to the gasdermin family. This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications. Gasdermin D is a member of the gasdermin family. Members of this family appear to play a role in regulation of epithelial proliferation. Gasdermin D has been suggested to act as a tumor suppressor. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2009]

## **Additional Information**

Gene ID	79792
Other Names	Gasdermin-D, Gasdermin domain-containing protein 1, Gasdermin-D, N-terminal, GSDMD-NT, hGSDMD-CTD, GSDMD {ECO:0000303 PubMed:26375003, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:25697}
Dilution	WB=1:500-2000,IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC=1:100-500,IF=1:100-50 0,ELISA=1:5000-10000
Format	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

## **Protein Information**

Name	GSDMD {ECO:0000303 PubMed:26375003, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:25697}
Function	[Gasdermin-D]: Precursor of a pore-forming protein that plays a key role in host defense against pathogen infection and danger signals (PubMed: <u>26375003</u> , PubMed: <u>26375259</u> , PubMed: <u>27281216</u> ). This form constitutes the precursor of the pore-forming protein: upon cleavage, the released N-terminal moiety (Gasdermin-D, N-terminal) binds to membranes and forms pores, triggering pyroptosis (PubMed: <u>26375003</u> , PubMed: <u>26375259</u> , PubMed: <u>27281216</u> ).
Cellular Location	[Gasdermin-D]: Cytoplasm, cytosol. Inflammasome {ECO:000250 UniProtKB:Q9D8T2}. Note=In response to a canonical inflammasome stimulus, such as nigericin, recruited to NLRP3 inflammasone with similar kinetics to that of uncleaved CASP1 precursor. {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9D8T2} [Gasdermin-D, N-terminal]: Cytoplasm, cytosol. Note=(Microbial infection) Upon infection by M.tuberculosis, localization to cell membrane is prevented by M.tuberculosis phosphatase PtpB that catalyzes dephosphorylation of phosphatidylinositol (4,5)-bisphosphate and phosphatidylinositol 4- phosphate, thereby inhibiting the membrane targeting of Gasdermin-D, N- terminal and subsequent cytokine release and pyroptosis [Gasdermin-D, C-terminal]: Cytoplasm, cytosol {ECO:000250 UniProtKB:Q9D8T2}
Tissue Location	Expressed in the suprabasal cells of esophagus, as well as in the isthmus/neck, pit, and gland of the stomach, suggesting preferential expression in differentiating cells

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.