

# ENPP4 Rabbit pAb

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Catalog # AP55640

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q9Y6X5</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Predicted</b>	Mouse, Rat
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Calculated MW</b>	51641
<b>Physical State</b>	Liquid
<b>Immunogen</b>	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human ENPP4
<b>Epitope Specificity</b>	51-150/453
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Purity</b>	affinity purified by Protein A
<b>Buffer</b>	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
<b>SUBCELLULAR LOCATION</b>	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.
<b>SIMILARITY</b>	Belongs to the nucleotide pyrophosphatase/phosphodiesterase family.
<b>Important Note</b>	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
<b>Background Descriptions</b>	ENPP4 is a 453 amino acid single-pass type I membrane protein that belongs to the nucleotide pyrophosphatase/phosphodiesterase family. The gene that encodes NPP4 consists of approximately 16,736 bases and maps to human chromosome 6p21.1. Making up nearly 6% of the human genome, chromosome 6 contains around 1,200 genes within 170 million base pairs of sequence. Deletion of a portion of the q arm of chromosome 6 is associated with early onset intestinal cancer suggesting the presence of a cancer susceptibility locus. Porphyria cutanea tarda is associated with chromosome 6 through the HFE gene, and Stickler syndrome, 21-hydroxylase deficiency and maple syrup urine disease are also associated with genes on chromosome 6. Notably, the PARK2 gene, which is associated with Parkinson's disease, and the genes encoding the major histocompatibility complex proteins are also located on chromosome 6. A bipolar disorder susceptibility locus has been identified on the q arm of chromosome 6.

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	22875
<b>Other Names</b>	Bis(5'-adenosyl)-triphosphatase ENPP4, 3.6.1.29, AP3A hydrolase, AP3Aase, Ectonucleotide pyrophosphatase/phosphodiesterase family member 4, E-NPP 4, NPP-4, ENPP4, KIAA0879, NPP4
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	Expressed on the surface of vascular endothelia.

<b>Dilution</b>	WB=1:500-2000
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

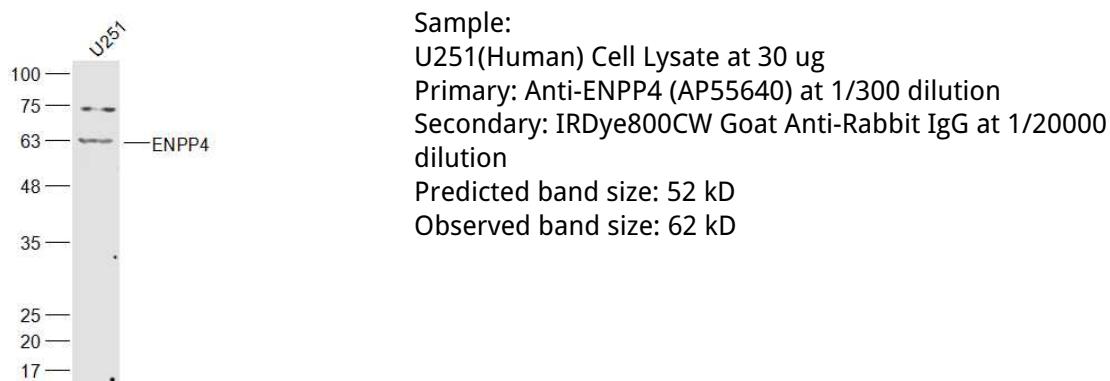
## Protein Information

<b>Name</b>	ENPP4
<b>Synonyms</b>	KIAA0879, NPP4
<b>Function</b>	Hydrolyzes extracellular Ap3A into AMP and ADP, and Ap4A into AMP and ATP. Ap3A and Ap4A are diadenosine polyphosphates thought to induce proliferation of vascular smooth muscle cells. Acts as a procoagulant, mediating platelet aggregation at the site of nascent thrombus via release of ADP from Ap3A and activation of ADP receptors.
<b>Cellular Location</b>	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein
<b>Tissue Location</b>	Expressed on the surface of vascular endothelia.

## Background

ENPP4 is a 453 amino acid single-pass type I membrane protein that belongs to the nucleotide pyrophosphatase/phosphodiesterase family. The gene that encodes NPP4 consists of approximately 16,736 bases and maps to human chromosome 6p21.1. Making up nearly 6% of the human genome, chromosome 6 contains around 1,200 genes within 170 million base pairs of sequence. Deletion of a portion of the q arm of chromosome 6 is associated with early onset intestinal cancer suggesting the presence of a cancer susceptibility locus. Porphyria cutanea tarda is associated with chromosome 6 through the HFE gene, and Stickler syndrome, 21-hydroxylase deficiency and maple syrup urine disease are also associated with genes on chromosome 6. Notably, the PARK2 gene, which is associated with Parkinson's disease, and the genes encoding the major histocompatibility complex proteins are also located on chromosome 6. A bipolar disorder susceptibility locus has been identified on the q arm of chromosome 6.

## Images



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