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IPO9 Antibody (N-term)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP5564a

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, FC, E
Primary Accession	Q96P70
Other Accession	Q91YE6, NP_060555.2
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Predicted	Rat, Bovine, Canine, Rabbit, Chicken
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB26877
Calculated MW	115963
Antigen Region	79-106

Additional Information

Gene ID	55705
Other Names	Importin-9, Imp9, Ran-binding protein 9, RanBP9, IPO9, IMP9, KIAA1192, RANBP9
Target/Specificity	This IPO9 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 79-106 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human IPO9.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 FC~~1:10~50 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	IPO9 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	IPO9 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:30855230, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:19425}
Function	Nuclear transport receptor that mediates nuclear import of proteins, such

as histones, proteasome and actin (PubMed:11823430, PubMed:30855230, PubMed:34711951). Serves as receptor for nuclear localization signals (NLS) in cargo substrates (PubMed:11823430). Is thought to mediate docking of the importin/substrate complex to the nuclear pore complex (NPC) through binding to nucleoporin and the complex is subsequently translocated through the pore by an energy requiring, Ran-dependent mechanism (PubMed:11823430). At the nucleoplasmic side of the NPC, Ran binds to the importin, the importin/substrate complex dissociates and importin is re-exported from the nucleus to the cytoplasm where GTP hydrolysis releases Ran (PubMed:11823430). The directionality of nuclear import is thought to be conferred by an asymmetric distribution of the GTP- and GDP-bound forms of Ran between the cytoplasm and nucleus (PubMed:11823430). Mediates the import of pre-assembled proteasomes into the nucleus; AKIRIN2 acts as a molecular bridge between IPO9 and the proteasome complex (PubMed:11823430, PubMed:34711951). Mediates the nuclear import of histones H2A, H2B, H4 and H4 (PubMed:11823430, PubMed:30855230). In addition to nuclear import, also acts as a chaperone for histones by preventing inappropriate non-nucleosomal interactions (PubMed:30855230). Mediates the nuclear import of actin (By similarity).

Cellular Location Cytoplasm. Nucleus

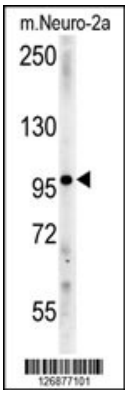
Background

Functions in nuclear protein import as nuclear transport receptor. Serves as receptor for nuclear localization signals (NLS) in cargo substrates. Is thought to mediate docking of the importin/substrate complex to the nuclear pore complex (NPC) through binding to nucleoporin and the complex is subsequently translocated through the pore by an energy requiring, Ran-dependent mechanism. At the nucleoplasmic side of the NPC, Ran binds to the importin, the importin/substrate complex dissociates and importin is re-exported from the nucleus to the cytoplasm where GTP hydrolysis releases Ran. The directionality of nuclear import is thought to be conferred by an asymmetric distribution of the GTP-and GDP-bound forms of Ran between the cytoplasm and nucleus (By similarity). Mediates the nuclear import of H2B histone (By similarity), RPS7 and RPL18A. Prevents the cytoplasmic aggregation of RPS7 and RPL18A by shielding exposed basic domains. May also import H2A, H3, H4 histones (By similarity), RPL4 and RPL6.

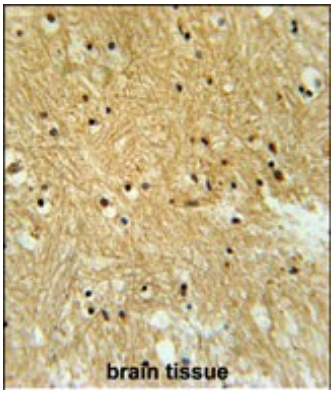
References

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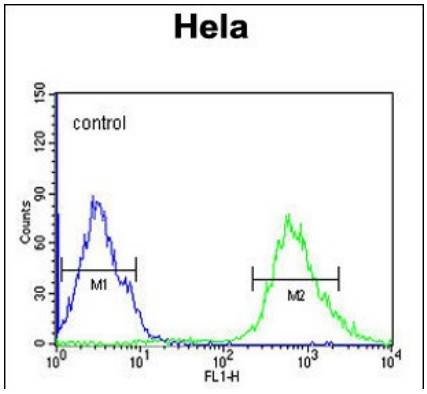
Images



IPO9 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP5564a) western blot analysis in mouse Neuro-2a cell line lysates (15ug/lane).This demonstrates the IPO9 antibody detected the IPO9 protein (arrow).



IPO9 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP5564a) immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human brain tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of the IPO9 Antibody (N-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



IPO9 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AP5564a) flow cytometric analysis of Hela cells (right histogram) compared to a negative control cell (left histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.