

Exosome Component 9 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP55669

Product Information

Application	IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC
Primary Accession	<u>Q06265</u>
Reactivity	Rat, Pig, Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	48949

Additional Information

Gene ID	5393
Other Names	Exosome complex component RRP45, Autoantigen PM/Scl 1, Exosome component 9, P75 polymyositis-scleroderma overlap syndrome-associated autoantigen, Polymyositis/scleroderma autoantigen 1, Polymyositis/scleroderma autoantigen 75 kDa, PM/Scl-75, EXOSC9, PMSCL1
Dilution	IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500
Format	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information	
Name	EXOSC9
Synonyms	PMSCL1
Function	Non-catalytic component of the RNA exosome complex which has 3'->5' exoribonuclease activity and participates in a multitude of cellular RNA processing and degradation events. In the nucleus, the RNA exosome complex is involved in proper maturation of stable RNA species such as rRNA, snRNA and snoRNA, in the elimination of RNA processing by-products and non-coding 'pervasive' transcripts, such as antisense RNA species and promoter-upstream transcripts (PROMPTs), and of mRNAs with processing defects, thereby limiting or excluding their export to the cytoplasm. The RNA exosome may be involved in Ig class switch recombination (CSR) and/or Ig variable region somatic hypermutation (SHM) by targeting AICDA deamination activity to transcribed dsDNA substrates. In the cytoplasm, the RNA exosome complex is involved in general mRNA turnover and specifically degrades

inherently unstable mRNAs containing AU-rich elements (AREs) within their 3' untranslated regions, and in RNA surveillance pathways, preventing translation of aberrant mRNAs. It seems to be involved in degradation of histone mRNA. The catalytic inactive RNA exosome core complex of 9 subunits (Exo-9) is proposed to play a pivotal role in the binding and presentation of RNA for ribonucleolysis, and to serve as a scaffold for the association with catalytic subunits and accessory proteins or complexes. EXOSC9 binds to ARE-containing RNAs.
Cellular Location
Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Nucleus, nucleolus. Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Note=Colocalizes with SETX in nuclear foci upon induction of transcription-related DNA damage at the S phase (PubMed:24105744). [Isoform 2]: Nucleus, nucleolus.

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