

OSBPL11 Rabbit pAb

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Catalog # AP56726

Product Information

Application	IHC-P, IHC-F, IF
Primary Accession	Q9BXB4
Reactivity	Rat, Mouse
Predicted	Pig, Dog, Human, Rabbit, Zebrafish, Horse, Sheep
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	83643
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human OSBPL11
Epitope Specificity	41-140/747
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	This gene encodes a member of the oxysterol-binding protein (OSBP) family, a group of intracellular lipid receptors. Like most members, the encoded protein contains an N-terminal pleckstrin homology domain and a highly conserved C-terminal OSBP-like sterol-binding domain. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Additional Information

Gene ID	114885
Other Names	Oxysterol-binding protein-related protein 11, ORP-11, OSBP-related protein 11, OSBPL11, ORP11, OSBP12
Dilution	IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

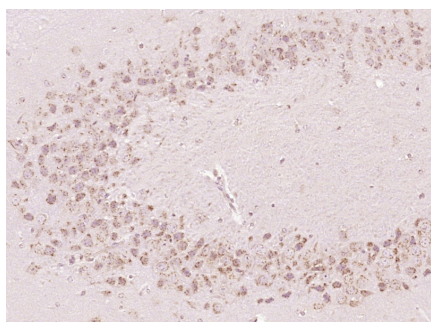
Name	OSBPL11
Synonyms	ORP11, OSBP12

Function	Plays a role in regulating ADIPOQ and FABP4 levels in differentiating adipocytes and is also involved in regulation of adipocyte triglyceride storage (PubMed: 23028956). Weakly binds 25- hydroxycholesterol (PubMed: 17428193). Interacts with OSBPL9 to function as lipid transfer proteins (PubMed: 39106189). Together they form a heterodimer that localizes at the ER-trans-Golgi membrane contact sites, and exchanges phosphatidylserine (1,2-diacyl-sn-glycero-3- phospho-L-serine, PS) for phosphatidylinositol-4-phosphate (1,2-diacyl-sn-glycero-3-phospho-(1D-myo-inositol 4-phosphate), PI(4)P) between the two organelles, a step that is critical for sphingomyelin synthesis in the Golgi complex (PubMed: 39106189).
Cellular Location	Late endosome membrane. Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network membrane. Note=Localizes at the Golgi- late endosome interface
Tissue Location	Present at highest levels in ovary, testis, kidney, liver, stomach, brain, and adipose tissue. Strong expression (at protein level) in epithelial cells of kidney tubules, testicular tubules, caecum, and skin (PubMed:20599956). Present at low levels in subcutaneous and visceral adipose tissue (at protein level) (PubMed:23028956).

Background

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Images



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Mouse brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (OSBPL11) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP56726) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.

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