

Otoferlin Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP56737

Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Calculated MW Physical State Immunogen Epitope Specificity Isotype Purity	IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC <u>Q9HC10</u> Rat, Dog, Bovine Rabbit Polyclonal 226753 Liquid KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Otoferlin 1601-1700/1997 IgG affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer SUBCELLULAR LOCATION SIMILARITY	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Cytoplasmic vesicle > secretory vesicle > synaptic vesicle membrane. Basolateral cell membrane. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane. Cell membrane. Detected at basolateral cell membrane with synaptic vesicles surrounding the ribbon and at the presynaptic plasma membrane in the inner hair cells (IHCs). Colocalizes with GPR25 and RAB8B in inner hair cells. Belongs to the ferlin family. Contains 4 C2 domains.
DISEASE	Defects in OTOF are the cause of deafness autosomal recessive type 9 (DFNB9) [MIM:601071]. DFNB9 is a form of sensorineural hearing loss. Sensorineural deafness results from damage to the neural receptors of the inner ear, the nerve pathways to the brain, or the area of the brain that receives sound information. Defects in OTOF are a cause of non-syndromic auditory neuropathy autosomal recessive (NSRAN) [MIM:601071]. NSRAN is a form of sensorineural hearing impairment with absent or severely abnormal auditory brainstem response but normal otoacoustic emissions. Auditory neuropathies result from a lesion in the area including the inner hair cells, connections between the inner hair cells and the cochlear branch of the auditory nerve, the auditory nerve itself and auditory pathways of the brainstem. In some cases NSRAN phenotype can be temperature sensitive.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	Mutations in this gene are a cause of neurosensory nonsyndromic recessive deafness, DFNB9. The short form of the encoded protein has 3 C2 domains, a single carboxy-terminal transmembrane domain found also in the C. elegans spermatogenesis factor FER-1 and human dysferlin, while the long form has 6 C2 domains. The homology suggests that this protein may be involved in vesicle membrane fusion. Several transcript variants encoding multiple isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Gene ID	9381
Other Names	Otoferlin, Fer-1-like protein 2, OTOF, FER1L2
Target/Specificity	Isoform 1 and isoform 3 are found in adult brain. Isoform 2 is expressed in the fetus and in adult brain, heart, placenta, skeletal muscle and kidney.
Dilution	IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500
Format	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name	OTOF
Synonyms	FER1L2
Function	Key calcium ion sensor involved in the Ca(2+)-triggered synaptic vesicle-plasma membrane fusion and in the control of neurotransmitter release at these output synapses. Interacts in a calcium-dependent manner to the presynaptic SNARE proteins at ribbon synapses of cochlear inner hair cells (IHCs) to trigger exocytosis of neurotransmitter. Also essential to synaptic exocytosis in immature outer hair cells (OHCs). May also play a role within the recycling of endosomes (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle, synaptic vesicle membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9ESF1}; Single-pass type II membrane protein {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9ESF1}; Basolateral cell membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9ESF1}; Single-pass type II membrane protein {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9ESF1}; Single-pass type II membrane protein {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9ESF1}; Golgi apparatus membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9ESF1}; Single-pass type II membrane protein {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9ESF1}; Single-pass type II membrane protein {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9ESF1}. Presynaptic cell membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9ESF1}; Single-pass type II membrane protein {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9ESF1}; Cell membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9ESF1}; Single-pass type II membrane protein {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9ESF1}. Cell membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9ESF1}. Note=Detected at basolateral cell membrane with synaptic vesicles surrounding the ribbon and at the presynaptic plasma membrane in the inner hair cells (IHCs) at postnatal day 30 (P30). Colocalizes with GPR25 and RAB8B in inner hair cells {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9ESF1}
Tissue Location	Isoform 1 and isoform 3 are found in adult brain. Isoform 2 is expressed in the fetus and in adult brain, heart, placenta, skeletal muscle and kidney
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Images

Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Rat brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer



(normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Otoferlin) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP56737) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructionsand DAB staining.

Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Mouse brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Otoferlin) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP56737) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructionsand DAB staining.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.