

METRNL Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP57258

Product Information

Application IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E

Primary Accession Q641Q3

Reactivity Rat, Dog, Bovine

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 34398
Physical State Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human METRNL

Epitope Specificity 81-180/311 **Isotype** IgG

Purity affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Secreted.

SIMILARITY Belongs to the meteorin family.

Important Note This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions METRNL is a 311 amino acid secreted protein belonging to the Meteorin

family and may have similar roles to that of the Meteorin protein. METRNL is encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 17, which comprises over 2.5% of the human genome and encodes over 1,200 genes, some of which are involved in tumor suppression and in the pathogenesis of Li-Fraumeni syndrome, early onset breast cancer and a predisposition to cancers of the

ovary, colon, prostate gland and fallopian tubes.

Additional Information

Gene ID 284207

Other Names Meteorin-like protein, Subfatin, METRNL

Target/Specificity Highly expressed in the skeletal muscle, in subcutaneous adipose tissue,

epididymal white adipose tissue depotsand heart. Also expressed in brown

adipose tissues and kidney.

Dilution IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-

10000

Format 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

Protein Information

Name METRNL

Function Hormone induced following exercise or cold exposure that promotes energy

expenditure. Induced either in the skeletal muscle after exercise or in adipose tissue following cold exposure and is present in the circulation. Able to stimulate energy expenditure associated with the browning of the white fat depots and improves glucose tolerance. Does not promote an increase in a thermogenic gene program via direct action on adipocytes, but acts by stimulating several immune cell subtypes to enter the adipose tissue and activate their prothermogenic actions. Stimulates an eosinophil-dependent increase in IL4 expression and promotes alternative activation of adipose tissue macrophages, which are required for the increased expression of the thermogenic and anti-inflammatory gene programs in fat. Required for some cold-induced thermogenic responses, suggesting a role in metabolic

adaptations to cold temperatures (By similarity).

Cellular Location Secreted.

Tissue Location Highly expressed in the skeletal muscle, in subcutaneous adipose tissue,

epididymal white adipose tissue depots and heart. Also expressed in brown

adipose tissues and kidney

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.