

NDUFB6 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP57388

Product Information

Application IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Rat, Bovine
Host
Rabbit
Clonality
Polyclonal
Calculated MW
Physical State
Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human NDUFB6

Epitope Specificity 2-80/128 **Isotype** IgG

Purity affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Mitochondrion inner membrane.

SIMILARITY Belongs to the complex I NDUFB6 subunit family.

Important Note This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions The protein encoded by this gene is a subunit of the multisubunit

NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase (complex I). Mammalian complex I is composed of 45 different subunits. It locates at the mitochondrial inner

membrane. This protein has NADH dehydrogenase activity and

oxidoreductase activity. It transfers electrons from NADH to the respiratory chain. The immediate electron acceptor for the enzyme is believed to be ubiquinone. Alternative splicing occurs at this locus and three transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq,

Jan 2011]

Additional Information

Gene ID 4712

Other Names NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 6, Complex

I-B17, CI-B17, NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase B17 subunit, NDUFB6

Dilution IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-

10000

Format 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name NDUFB6

Function Accessory subunit of the mitochondrial membrane respiratory chain NADH

dehydrogenase (Complex I), that is believed not to be involved in catalysis. Complex I functions in the transfer of electrons from NADH to the respiratory chain. The immediate electron acceptor for the enzyme is believed to be

ubiquinone.

Cellular Location Mitochondrion inner membrane; Single-pass membrane protein; Matrix side

 $Please\ note: All\ products\ are\ 'FOR\ RESEARCH\ USE\ ONLY.\ NOT\ FOR\ USE\ IN\ DIAGNOSTIC\ OR\ THERAPEUTIC\ PROCEDURES'.$