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SDHAF1 Rabbit pAb

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Catalog # AP57594

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	A6NFY7
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Predicted	Rat, Dog, Pig, Horse, Sheep
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	12806
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SDHAF1
Epitope Specificity	1-100/115
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SUBCELLULAR LOCATION	Mitochondrion matrix.
SIMILARITY	Belongs to the complex I LYR family. SDHAF1 subfamily.
DISEASE	Mitochondrial complex II deficiency
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	The succinate dehydrogenase (SDH) complex (or complex II) of the mitochondrial respiratory chain is composed of 4 individual subunits. The protein encoded by this gene resides in the mitochondria, and is essential for SDH assembly, but does not physically associate with the complex in vivo. Mutations in this gene are associated with SDH-defective infantile leukoencephalopathy (mitochondrial complex II deficiency).[provided by RefSeq, Mar 2010]

Additional Information

Gene ID	644096
Other Names	Succinate dehydrogenase assembly factor 1, mitochondrial, SDH assembly factor 1, SDHAF1, LYR motif-containing protein 8, SDHAF1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:19465911, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:33867}
Target/Specificity	Ubiquitously expressed.
Dilution	WB=1:500-2000
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

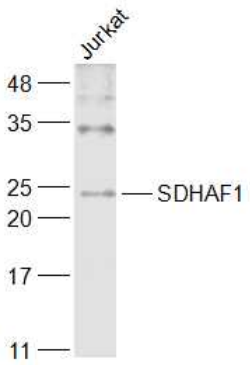
Protein Information

Name	SDHAF1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:19465911, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:33867}
Function	Plays an essential role in the assembly of succinate dehydrogenase (SDH), an enzyme complex (also referred to as respiratory complex II) that is a component of both the tricarboxylic acid (TCA) cycle and the mitochondrial electron transport chain, and which couples the oxidation of succinate to fumarate with the reduction of ubiquinone (coenzyme Q) to ubiquinol (PubMed:19465911, PubMed:24954417). Promotes maturation of the iron-sulfur protein subunit SDHB of the SDH catalytic dimer, protecting it from the deleterious effects of oxidants (PubMed:24954417). May act together with SDHAF3 (PubMed:24954417). Contributes to iron-sulfur cluster incorporation into SDHB by binding to SDHB and recruiting the iron-sulfur transfer complex formed by HSC20, HSPA9 and ISCU through direct binding to HSC20 (PubMed:26749241).
Cellular Location	Mitochondrion matrix
Tissue Location	Ubiquitously expressed.

Background

The succinate dehydrogenase (SDH) complex (or complex II) of the mitochondrial respiratory chain is composed of 4 individual subunits. The protein encoded by this gene resides in the mitochondria, and is essential for SDH assembly, but does not physically associate with the complex in vivo. Mutations in this gene are associated with SDH-defective infantile leukoencephalopathy (mitochondrial complex II deficiency).[provided by RefSeq, Mar 2010]

Images



Sample:
Jurkat(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug
Primary: Anti-SDHAF1 (AP57594) at 1/1000 dilution
Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution
Predicted band size: 21 kD
Observed band size: 22 kD