

SLC5A10/SGLT5 Rabbit pAb

SLC5A10/SGLT5 Rabbit pAb

Catalog # AP57825

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	A0PJK1
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Predicted	Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	64342
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SLC5A10/SGLT5
Epitope Specificity	181-280/596
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SUBCELLULAR LOCATION	Membrane; Multipass membrane protein.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	This gene is a member of the sodium/glucose transporter family. Members of this family are sodium-dependent transporters and can be divided into two subfamilies based on sequence homology, one that co-transport sugars and the second that transports molecules such as ascorbate, choline, iodide, lipoate, monocarboxylates, and pantothenate. The protein encoded by this gene has the highest affinity for mannose and has been reported to be most highly expressed in the kidney. This protein may function as a kidney-specific, sodium-dependent mannose and fructose co-transporter. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants that encode different protein isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2012]

Additional Information

Gene ID	125206
Other Names	Sodium/mannose cotransporter SLC5A10, Sodium/glucose cotransporter 5, Na(+)/glucose cotransporter 5, Solute carrier family 5 member 10, SLC5A10, SGLT5 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:24573086}
Dilution	WB=1:500-2000
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

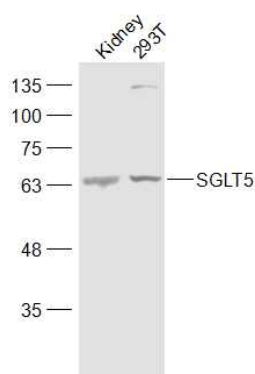
Protein Information

Name	SLC5A10
Synonyms	SGLT5 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:24573086}
Function	[Isoform 1]: Electrogenic Na ⁺ -coupled sugar symporter that actively transports D-mannose or D-fructose at the plasma membrane, with a Na ⁺ to sugar coupling ratio of 1:1. Transporter activity is driven by a transmembrane Na ⁺ electrochemical gradient set by the Na ⁺ /K ⁺ pump. Exclusively recognizes sugar substrates having a pyranose ring with an axial hydroxyl group on carbon 2 (PubMed: 22212718 , PubMed: 23451068 , PubMed: 24573086). Has likely evolved to enable renal reabsorption of D-mannose, an important constituent of oligosaccharide chains of glycoproteins. Contributes to dietary D-fructose reabsorption from glomerular filtrate across the brush border of the kidney (PubMed: 22212718 , PubMed: 23451068).
Cellular Location	Apical cell membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q5SWY8}; Multi-pass membrane protein
Tissue Location	Predominantly expressed at high levels in kidney. Very low expression is detected in testes [Isoform 2]: The most abundant isoform expressed in kidney. [Isoform 5]: Expressed in kidney.

Background

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Images



Sample:

Kidney (Mouse) Tissue Lysate at 40 ug

293T(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug

Primary: Anti-SGLT5 (AP57825) at 1/300 dilution

Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 64 kD

Observed band size: 64 kD

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.