

# SLC16A12 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP57921

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q6ZSM3</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Pig, Dog, Bovine
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Calculated MW</b>	56498
<b>Physical State</b>	Liquid
<b>Immunogen</b>	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SLC16A12
<b>Epitope Specificity</b>	401-486/486
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Purity</b>	affinity purified by Protein A
<b>Buffer</b>	Preservative: 0.02% Proclin300, Constituents: 1% BSA, 0.01M PBS, pH7.4.
<b>SUBCELLULAR LOCATION</b>	Cell membrane.
<b>SIMILARITY</b>	Belongs to the major facilitator superfamily. Monocarboxylate porter (TC 2.A.1.13) family.
<b>DISEASE</b>	Defects in SLC16A12 are a cause of cataract juvenile with microcornea and glucosuria (CJMG) [MIM:612018]. Renal glucosuria is defined by elevated glucose level in the urine without hyperglycemia and without evidence of morphological renal anomalies.
<b>Important Note</b>	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
<b>Background Descriptions</b>	This gene encodes a transmembrane transporter that likely plays a role in monocarboxylic acid transport. A mutation in this gene has been associated with juvenile cataracts with microcornea and renal glucosuria. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2010]

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	387700
<b>Other Names</b>	Monocarboxylate transporter 12, MCT 12, Creatine transporter 2, CRT2, Solute carrier family 16 member 12 {ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:23094}, SLC16A12 ( <a href="#">HGNC:23094</a> )
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	Most highly expressed in kidney, followed by retina, lung, and testis. Very weakly expressed in brain and liver. Also detected in lens.
<b>Dilution</b>	IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-10000
<b>Format</b>	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
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## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	SLC16A12 ( <a href="#">HGNC:23094</a> )
<b>Function</b>	Functions as a transporter for creatine and as well for its precursor guanidinoacetate. Transport of creatine and GAA is independent of resting membrane potential and extracellular Na(+), Cl(-), or pH. Contributes to the process of creatine biosynthesis and distribution.
<b>Cellular Location</b>	Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Basolateral cell membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q8BGC3}; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=Interaction with isoform 2 of BSG is required for its localization to the plasma membrane.
<b>Tissue Location</b>	Most highly expressed in kidney, followed by retina, lung, heart and testis. Very weakly expressed in brain and liver. Also detected in lens.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.