

SLC24A6 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP57929

Product Information

Application	IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, ICC, E
Primary Accession	Q6J4K2
Reactivity	Rat, Pig, Dog
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	64231
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SLC24A6
Epitope Specificity	421-520/584
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	Preservative: 0.02% Proclin300, Constituents: 1% BSA, 0.01M PBS, pH7.4.
SUBCELLULAR LOCATION	Cell membrane.
SIMILARITY	Belongs to the sodium/potassium/calcium exchanger family. SLC24A subfamily.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	SLC24A6 belongs to a family of potassium-dependent sodium/calcium exchangers that maintain cellular calcium homeostasis through the electrogenic countertransport of 4 sodium ions for 1 calcium ion and 1 potassium ion (Cai and Lytton, 2004 [PubMed 14625281]).[supplied by OMIM, Mar 2008]

Additional Information

Gene ID	80024
Other Names	Mitochondrial sodium/calcium exchanger protein, Na(+)/K(+)/Ca(2+)-exchange protein 6, SLC8B1 (HGNC:26175)
Dilution	IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-10000
Format	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name	SLC8B1 (HGNC:26175)
Function	<p>Mitochondrial sodium/calcium antiporter that mediates sodium- dependent calcium efflux from mitochondrion, by mediating the exchange of 3 sodium ions per 1 calcium ion (PubMed:15060069, PubMed:20018762, PubMed:22829870, PubMed:23056385, PubMed:24898248, PubMed:28130126, PubMed:28219928). Plays a central role in mitochondrial calcium homeostasis by mediating mitochondrial calcium extrusion: calcium efflux is essential for mitochondrial function and cell survival, notably in cardiomyocytes (By similarity). Regulates rates of glucose- dependent insulin secretion in pancreatic beta-cells during the first phase of insulin secretion: acts by mediating efflux of calcium from mitochondrion, thereby affecting cytoplasmic calcium responses (PubMed:23056385). Required for store-operated Ca(2+) entry (SOCE) and Ca(2+) release-activated Ca(2+) (CRAC) channel regulation: sodium transport by SLC8B1 leads to promote calcium-shuttling that modulates mitochondrial redox status, thereby regulating SOCE activity (PubMed:28219928). Involved in B-lymphocyte chemotaxis (By similarity). Able to transport Ca(2+) in exchange of either Li(+) or Na(+), explaining how Li(+) catalyzes Ca(2+) exchange (PubMed:15060069, PubMed:28130126). In contrast to other members of the family its function is independent of K(+) (PubMed:15060069).</p>
Cellular Location	Mitochondrion inner membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein
Tissue Location	Present in pancreatic beta-cells (at protein level).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.