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ABCE1 Rabbit pAb

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Catalog # AP58064

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P61221
Reactivity	Rat
Predicted	Human, Mouse, Chicken, Horse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	67314
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human ABCE1
Epitope Specificity	331-430/599
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SUBCELLULAR LOCATION	Cytoplasm. Mitochondrion. Note=Localized to clusters of virus formation at the plasma membrane.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	ABCE1 is a member of the superfamily of ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporters. ABC proteins transport various molecules across extra- and intra-cellular membranes. ABC genes are divided into seven distinct subfamilies (ABC1, MDR/TAP, MRP, ALD, OABP, GCN20, White). This protein is a member of the OABP subfamily. It is alternatively referred to as the RNase L inhibitor as it functions to block the activity of ribonuclease L(referenced from entrez gene).

Additional Information

Gene ID	6059
Other Names	ATP-binding cassette sub-family E member 1, 3.6.5.-, 2'-5'-oligoadenylate-binding protein, HuHP68, RNase L inhibitor, Ribonuclease 4 inhibitor, RNS4I, ABCE1, RLI, RNASEL1, RNASELI, RNS4I
Dilution	WB=1:500-2000
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name	ABCE1
Synonyms	RLI, RNASEL1, RNASELI, RNS4I
Function	Nucleoside-triphosphatase (NTPase) involved in ribosome recycling by mediating ribosome disassembly (PubMed:20122402, PubMed:21448132). Able to hydrolyze ATP, GTP, UTP and CTP (PubMed:20122402). Splits ribosomes into free 60S subunits and tRNA- and mRNA-bound 40S subunits (PubMed:20122402, PubMed:21448132). Acts either after canonical termination facilitated by release factors (ETF1/eRF1) or after recognition of stalled and vacant ribosomes by mRNA surveillance factors (PELO/Pelota) (PubMed:20122402, PubMed:21448132). Involved in the No-Go Decay (NGD) pathway: recruited to stalled ribosomes by the Pelota-HBS1L complex, and drives the disassembly of stalled ribosomes, followed by degradation of damaged mRNAs as part of the NGD pathway (PubMed:21448132). Also plays a role in quality control of translation of mitochondrial outer membrane-localized mRNA (PubMed:29861391). As part of the PINK1-regulated signaling, ubiquitinated by CNOT4 upon mitochondria damage; this modification generates polyubiquitin signals that recruit autophagy receptors to the mitochondrial outer membrane and initiate mitophagy (PubMed:29861391). RNASEL-specific protein inhibitor which antagonizes the binding of 2-5A (5'-phosphorylated 2',5'-linked oligoadenylates) to RNASEL (PubMed:9660177). Negative regulator of the anti-viral effect of the interferon-regulated 2-5A/RNASEL pathway (PubMed:11585831, PubMed:9660177, PubMed:9847332).
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm. Mitochondrion

Background

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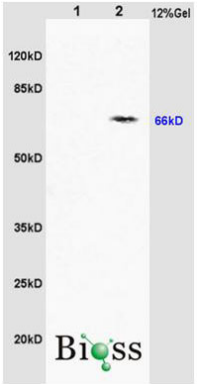
Images



Sample:
Brain (Rat) Lysate at 40 ug
Liver (Rat) Lysate at 40 ug
Primary: Anti-ABCE1 (AP58064) at 1/300 dilution
Secondary: HRP conjugated Goat-Anti-rabbit IgG (AP58064-HRP) at 1/5000 dilution
Predicted band size: 67 kD
Observed band size: 66 kD

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.