

Lambda Light Chain Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP58094

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, E
Primary Accession	P01701
Reactivity	Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	12249
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Lambda Light Chain
Epitope Specificity	41-106/106
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SUBCELLULAR LOCATION	Cytoplasmic
SIMILARITY	Contains 1 Ig-like (immunoglobulin-like) domain.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	All five immunoglobulin classes share the same basic four polypeptide chain structure of two heavy-chains and two light chains. There are five heavy chain types, and two light-chain types (Kappa and Lambda) both having a molecular weight of 22.5kDa. Any heavy-chain type can associate with either light-chain type, but on any immunoglobulin molecule both light-chains are of the same type. Kappa and Lambda consist of a variable region and a constant region and can easily be differentiated by the antigenic properties of the constant region.

Additional Information

Other Names	Immunoglobulin lambda variable 1-51 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:11872955, ECO:0000303 Ref.7}, Ig lambda chain V-I region BL2, Ig lambda chain V-I region EPS, Ig lambda chain V-I region NEW, Ig lambda chain V-I region NIG-64, IGLV1-51 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:11872955, ECO:0000303 Ref.7}
Dilution	WB=1:500-2000,IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-10000
Format	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name	IGLV1-51 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:11872955, ECO:0000303 Ref.7}
Function	<p>V region of the variable domain of immunoglobulin light chains that participates in the antigen recognition (PubMed:24600447).</p> <p>Immunoglobulins, also known as antibodies, are membrane-bound or secreted glycoproteins produced by B lymphocytes. In the recognition phase of humoral immunity, the membrane-bound immunoglobulins serve as receptors which, upon binding of a specific antigen, trigger the clonal expansion and differentiation of B lymphocytes into immunoglobulins-secreting plasma cells. Secreted immunoglobulins mediate the effector phase of humoral immunity, which results in the elimination of bound antigens (PubMed:20176268, PubMed:22158414). The antigen binding site is formed by the variable domain of one heavy chain, together with that of its associated light chain. Thus, each immunoglobulin has two antigen binding sites with remarkable affinity for a particular antigen. The variable domains are assembled by a process called V-(D)-J rearrangement and can then be subjected to somatic hypermutations which, after exposure to antigen and selection, allow affinity maturation for a particular antigen (PubMed:17576170, PubMed:20176268).</p>
Cellular Location	Secreted. Cell membrane

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.