

CACH6/Cav2.3 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP58111

Product Information

Application	IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, E
Primary Accession	<u>Q15878</u>
Reactivity	Rat, Pig, Dog, Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	261731
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Cav23
Epitope Specificity	1265-1360/2313
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SUBCELLULAR LOCATION	Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.
SIMILARITY	Belongs to the calcium channel alpha-1 subunit (TC 1.A.1.11) family. CACNA1E subfamily Contains 1 EE-band domain
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only not for use in
	human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	Calcium channels mediate the influx of calcium ions into the cell following membrane polarisation. R-type calcium channels such as Cav2.3 belong to the "high voltage-activated" group and are blocked by nickel. The calcium channel consists of a complex of alpha-1, alpha-2/delta, beta, and gamma subunits in a 1:1:1:1 ratio. Each of these proteins exists as multiple isoforms, either encoded by different genes or arising from alternative splicing of transcripts. Cav2.3 is an alpha-1 subunit and has 24 transmembrane segments, which form the pore through which ions pass into the cell. Calcium channels containing the Cav2.3 subunit may be involved in the modulation of firing patterns of neurons, which is important for information processing.

Additional Information

Gene ID	777
Other Names	Voltage-dependent R-type calcium channel subunit alpha-1E, Brain calcium channel II, BII, Calcium channel, L type, alpha-1 polypeptide, isoform 6, Voltage-gated calcium channel subunit alpha Cav2.3, CACNA1E, CACH6, CACNL1A6
Target/Specificity	Expressed in neuronal tissues and in kidney.
Dilution	IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-10000

Format	
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Storage

0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

CACNA1E
CACH6, CACNL1A6
Voltage-sensitive calcium channels (VSCC) mediate the entry of calcium ions into excitable cells (PubMed: <u>30343943</u>). They are also involved in a variety of calcium-dependent processes, including muscle contraction, hormone or neurotransmitter release, gene expression, cell motility, cell division and cell death. The isoform alpha-1E gives rise to R-type calcium currents. R-type calcium channels belong to the 'high-voltage activated' (HVA) group and are blocked by nickel. They are however insensitive to dihydropyridines (DHP). Calcium channels containing alpha-1E subunit could be involved in the modulation of firing patterns of neurons which is important for information processing.
Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein
Expressed in neuronal tissues and in kidney.

Images



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Blank control(blue): 293T(fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with ice-cold 90% methanol for 30 min on ice). Primary Antibody: Rabbit Anti-CACH6/PE Conjugated antibody (AP58111/PE), Dilution: 1 µg in 100 µL 1X PBS containing 0.5% BSA; Isotype Control Antibody: Rabbit IgG/PE(orange) ,used under the same conditions.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.