

# DYNLL1 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP58315

## Product Information

Application	IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P63167</a>
Reactivity	Rat, Pig, Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	10366

## Additional Information

Gene ID	8655
Other Names	Dynein light chain 1, cytoplasmic, 8 kDa dynein light chain, DLC8, Dynein light chain LC8-type 1, Protein inhibitor of neuronal nitric oxide synthase, PIN, DYNLL1, DLC1, DNCL1, DNCLC1, HDLC1
Dilution	IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-10000
Format	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

## Protein Information

Name	DYNLL1 {ECO:0000303 Ref.9, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:15476}
Function	Acts as one of several non-catalytic accessory components of the cytoplasmic dynein 1 complex that are thought to be involved in linking dynein to cargos and to adapter proteins that regulate dynein function (By similarity). Cytoplasmic dynein 1 acts as a motor for the intracellular retrograde motility of vesicles and organelles along microtubules (By similarity). May play a role in changing or maintaining the spatial distribution of cytoskeletal structures (By similarity). In addition to its role in cytoskeleton and transport, acts as a protein-protein adapter, which inhibits and/or sequesters target proteins (PubMed: <a href="#">10198631</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">15193260</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">15891768</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">16684779</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">30464262</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">37696958</a> ). Involved in the response to DNA damage by acting as a key regulator of DNA end resection: when phosphorylated at Ser-88, recruited to DNA double- strand breaks (DSBs) by TP53BP1 and acts by disrupting MRE11 dimerization, thereby inhibiting DNA end resection (PubMed: <a href="#">30464262</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">37696958</a> ). In a subset of DSBs, DYNLL1 remains

unphosphorylated and promotes the recruitment of the Shieldin complex (PubMed:[37696958](#)). Binds and inhibits the catalytic activity of neuronal nitric oxide synthase/NOS1 (By similarity). Promotes transactivation functions of ESR1 and plays a role in the nuclear localization of ESR1 (PubMed:[15891768](#), PubMed:[16684779](#)). Regulates apoptotic activities of BCL2L11 by sequestering it to microtubules (PubMed:[10198631](#), PubMed:[15193260](#)). Upon apoptotic stimuli the BCL2L11-DYNLL1 complex dissociates from cytoplasmic dynein and translocates to mitochondria and sequesters BCL2 thus neutralizing its antiapoptotic activity (PubMed:[10198631](#), PubMed:[15193260](#)).

**Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Chromosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Nucleus Mitochondrion. Note=Upon induction of apoptosis translocates together with BCL2L11 to mitochondria (PubMed:18084006). Recruited to DNA double-strand breaks (DSBs) by TP53BP1 when phosphorylated at Ser-88 (PubMed:37696958)

**Tissue Location**

Ubiquitous (PubMed:8628263). Expressed in testis (PubMed:22965910).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.