

Desmocollin 1 + 2 Rabbit pAb

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Product Information

Primary Accession 008554

Reactivity Rat, Pig, Mouse, Dog

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 99987
Physical State Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Desmocollin 1 + 2

Epitope Specificity 371-470/894

Isotype IgG

Purity affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer Preservative: 0.02% Proclin300, Constituents: 1% BSA, 0.01M PBS, pH7.4.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell junction,

desmosome.

SIMILARITY Contains 5 cadherin domains.

SUBUNIT

Important Note This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions The protein encoded by this gene is a calcium-dependent glycoprotein that is

a member of the desmocollin subfamily of the cadherin superfamily. These desmosomal family members, along with the desmogleins, are found

primarily in epithelial cells where they constitute the adhesive proteins of the

desmosome cell-cell junction and are required for cell adhesion and desmosome formation. The desmosomal family members are arranged in two clusters on chromosome 18, occupying less than 650 kb combined. Alternative splicing results in two transcript variants encoding distinct

isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Additional Information

Gene ID 1823

Other Names Desmocollin-1, Cadherin family member 1, Desmosomal glycoprotein 2/3,

DG2/DG3, DSC1, CDHF1

Target/Specificity Strongly expressed in epidermis, less in lymph node and tongue.

Storage Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name DSC1

Synonyms CDHF1

Function A component of desmosome cell-cell junctions which are required for

positive regulation of cellular adhesion (By similarity). Required for

desmosome adhesion strength between the granular layers of the epidermis,

as a result moderates epidermal proliferation and differentiation (By similarity). Is therefore required to maintain postnatal epidermal barrier function and normal hair follicle morphology into adulthood (By similarity).

Cellular Location Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell junction,

desmosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P55849}

Tissue Location Strongly expressed in epidermis, less in lymph node and tongue.

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a calcium-dependent glycoprotein that is a member of the desmocollin subfamily of the cadherin superfamily. These desmosomal family members, along with the desmogleins, are found primarily in epithelial cells where they constitute the adhesive proteins of the desmosome cell-cell junction and are required for cell adhesion and desmosome formation. The desmosomal family members are arranged in two clusters on chromosome 18, occupying less than 650 kb combined. Alternative splicing results in two transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.