

# FbxO6 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP58442

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q9NRD1</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Rat, Pig, Dog, Bovine
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Calculated MW</b>	33933
<b>Physical State</b>	Liquid
<b>Immunogen</b>	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human FbxO6
<b>Epitope Specificity</b>	101-200/293
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Purity</b>	affinity purified by Protein A
<b>Buffer</b>	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
<b>SUBCELLULAR LOCATION</b>	Cytoplasm.
<b>SIMILARITY</b>	Contains 1 F-box domain. Contains 1 FBA (F-box associated) domain.
<b>SUBUNIT</b>	Interacts with VCP.
<b>Important Note</b>	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
<b>Background Descriptions</b>	The F box, named after cyclin F in which it was originally observed, is an approximately 40-amino acid motif that binds SKP1. F-box proteins are components of modular E3 ubiquitin protein ligases called SCFs (SKP1, cullin, F-box proteins), which function in phosphorylation-dependent ubiquitination.

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	26270
<b>Other Names</b>	F-box only protein 6, F-box protein that recognizes sugar chains 2, F-box/G-domain protein 2, FBXO6, FBG2, FBS2, FBX6
<b>Dilution</b>	IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-10000
<b>Format</b>	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

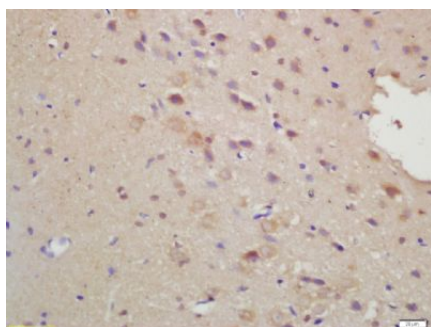
## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	FBXO6
<b>Synonyms</b>	FBG2, FBS2, FBX6
<b>Function</b>	Substrate-recognition component of some SCF (SKP1-CUL1-F-box protein)-type E3 ubiquitin ligase complexes. Involved in endoplasmic reticulum-associated degradation pathway (ERAD) for misfolded luminal proteins by recognizing and binding sugar chains on unfolded glycoproteins that are retrotranslocated into the cytosol and promoting their ubiquitination and subsequent degradation. Able to recognize and bind denatured glycoproteins, which are modified with not only high- mannose but also complex-type oligosaccharides. Also recognizes sulfated glycans. Also involved in DNA damage response by specifically recognizing activated CHEK1 (phosphorylated on 'Ser-345'), promoting its ubiquitination and degradation. Ubiquitination of CHEK1 is required to ensure that activated CHEK1 does not accumulate as cells progress through S phase, or when replication forks encounter transient impediments during normal DNA replication.
<b>Cellular Location</b>	Cytoplasm.

## Images

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Tissue/cell: mouse brain tissue; 4%  
 Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded;  
 Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer ( 0.01M, pH 6.0 ), Boiling  
 bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3%  
 Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal  
 goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;  
 Incubation: Anti-FbxO6 Polyclonal Antibody,  
 Unconjugated(AP58442) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed  
 by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and  
 DAB(C-0010) staining

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.