

ELL2 Rabbit pAb

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Catalog # AP58565

Product Information

Application	IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, E
Primary Accession	O00472
Predicted	Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Horse, Rabbit
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	72324
Physical State	Liquid
Immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human ELL2
Epitope Specificity	561-640/640
Isotype	IgG
Purity	affinity purified by Protein A
Buffer	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
SUBCELLULAR LOCATION	Nucleus.
SIMILARITY	Belongs to the ELL/occludin family.
SUBUNIT	Interacts with EAF1 and EAF2.
Important Note	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Background Descriptions	Elongation factor that can increase the catalytic rate of RNA polymerase II transcription by suppressing transient pausing by the polymerase at multiple sites along the DNA.

Additional Information

Gene ID	22936
Other Names	RNA polymerase II elongation factor ELL2, ELL2
Dilution	IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-10000
Storage	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name	ELL2
Function	Elongation factor component of the super elongation complex (SEC), a complex required to increase the catalytic rate of RNA polymerase II

transcription by suppressing transient pausing by the polymerase at multiple sites along the DNA. Component of the little elongation complex (LEC), a complex required to regulate small nuclear RNA (snRNA) gene transcription by RNA polymerase II and III (PubMed:[22195968](#)). Plays a role in immunoglobulin secretion in plasma cells: directs efficient alternative mRNA processing, influencing both proximal poly(A) site choice and exon skipping, as well as immunoglobulin heavy chain (IgH) alternative processing. Probably acts by regulating histone modifications accompanying transition from membrane-specific to secretory IgH mRNA expression.

Cellular Location

Nucleus.

Background

Elongation factor that can increase the catalytic rate of RNA polymerase II transcription by suppressing transient pausing by the polymerase at multiple sites along the DNA.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.