

# GIMAP8 Rabbit pAb

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Catalog # AP58950

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q8ND71</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Mouse
<b>Predicted</b>	Human, Rat, Horse, Rabbit
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Calculated MW</b>	74890
<b>Physical State</b>	Liquid
<b>Immunogen</b>	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GIMAP8
<b>Epitope Specificity</b>	551-565/665
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Purity</b>	affinity purified by Protein A
<b>Buffer</b>	0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
<b>SUBCELLULAR LOCATION</b>	Endoplasmic reticulum (By similarity). Golgi apparatus (By similarity). Mitochondrion (By similarity).
<b>SIMILARITY</b>	Belongs to the IAN GTP-binding protein family.
<b>Important Note</b>	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
<b>Background Descriptions</b>	The GTPase of the immunity-associated protein (GIMAP) family of proteins include seven members that are expressed by genes residing on human chromosome 7. GIMAP proteins have been implicated in the regulation of lymphomyeloid cell survival. GIMAP8, also known as IAN9 (immune-associated nucleotide-binding protein 9) or IANT, is a 665 amino acid protein that localizes to Golgi apparatus, Endoplasmic reticulum and mitochondria. Suggested to have an anti-apoptotic effect on the immune system, GIMAP8 plays a role in infection response and is encoded by a gene that maps to human chromosome 7q36.1. Chromosome 7 houses over 1,000 genes, comprises nearly 5% of the human genome and has been linked to Osteogenesis imperfecta, Pendred syndrome, Lissencephaly, Citrullinemia and Shwachman-Diamond syndrome.

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	155038
<b>Other Names</b>	GTPase IMAP family member 8, Immune-associated nucleotide-binding protein 9, IAN-9, Protein IanT, GIMAP8, IAN9, IANT
<b>Dilution</b>	WB=1:500-2000
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

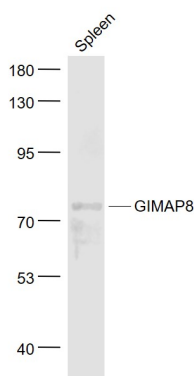
## Protein Information

<b>Name</b>	GIMAP8
<b>Synonyms</b>	IAN9, IANT
<b>Function</b>	Exerts an anti-apoptotic effect in the immune system and is involved in responses to infections.
<b>Cellular Location</b>	Endoplasmic reticulum {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q75N62}. Golgi apparatus {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q75N62}. Mitochondrion {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q75N62}. Cytoplasm, cytosol
<b>Tissue Location</b>	Expressed in the spleen, intestine, liver, and colon, as well as in lung, placenta, kidney, muscle, and heart Extremely low expression, if any, in brain, in thymus, bone marrow, and blood leukocytes (PubMed:15474311). Detected in T-cells (PubMed:23454188).

## Background

The GTPase of the immunity-associated protein (GIMAP) family of proteins include seven members that are expressed by genes residing on human chromosome 7. GIMAP proteins have been implicated in the regulation of lymphomyeloid cell survival. GIMAP8, also known as IAN9 (immune-associated nucleotide-binding protein 9) or IANT, is a 665 amino acid protein that localizes to Golgi apparatus, Endoplasmic reticulum and mitochondria. Suggested to have an anti-apoptotic effect on the immune system, GIMAP8 plays a role in infection response and is encoded by a gene that maps to human chromosome 7q36.1. Chromosome 7 houses over 1,000 genes, comprises nearly 5% of the human genome and has been linked to Osteogenesis imperfecta, Pendred syndrome, Lissencephaly, Citrullinemia and Shwachman-Diamond syndrome.

## Images



Sample:  
Spleen (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug  
Primary: Anti- GIMAP8 (AP58950) at 1/1000 dilution  
Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution  
Predicted band size: 75 kD  
Observed band size: 75 kD

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.