

Tankyrase Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP59144

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, E

Primary Accession 095271

Reactivity Rat, Dog, Bovine

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 142039
Physical State Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Tankyrase

Epitope Specificity 1101-1250/1327

Purity affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Cytoplasm.

SIMILARITY Contains 1 C2H2-type zinc finger. **SUBUNIT** Interacts with TBK1 (via TRAF-C do

Interacts with TBK1 (via TRAF-C domain). Interacts with TRAF1 (via TRAF-C domain). Interacts with TRAF2 (via TRAF-C domain); the interaction is disrupted by the phosphorylation of TANK by IKBKE. Interacts with TRAF3 (via TRAF-C domain); the interaction with TRAF3 is weaker than the interactions

with TRAF1 and TRAF3. Interacts with IKBKG; the interaction is enhanced by IKBKE and TBK1. Part of a ternary complex consisting of TANK, IKBKB and

IKBKG.

Post-translational Phosphorylated by IKBKE.
modifications
Important Note This product as supplied is

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions TANK was initially identified as a novel TRAF-interacting protein that regulated

TRAF-mediated signal transduction. Specifically, ligand binding by surface receptors in the tumor necrosis factor (TNF) receptor and Toll/interleukin-1 (IL-1) receptor families lead to the formation of a TRAF/TANK complex that mediates the activation of the transcription factor NF-kappaB. TANK is found in the cytoplasm and can bind to TRAF1, TRAF2, or TRAF3, thereby inhibiting TRAF function by sequestering the TRAFs in a latent state in the cytoplasm. For example, this protein can block TRAF2 binding to LMP1, the Epstein Barr virus transforming protein, and inhibit LMP1-mediated NF kappa B activation.

Additional Information

Gene ID 8658

Other Names Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase tankyrase-1, 2.4.2.30, ADP-ribosyltransferase

diphtheria toxin-like 5, ARTD5, Poly [ADP-ribose] polymerase 5A, Protein poly-ADP-ribosyltransferase tankyrase-1, 2.4.2.-, TNKS-1, TRF1-interacting

ankyrin-related ADP-ribose polymerase, Tankyrase I, Tankyrase-1, TANK1,

TNKS (HGNC:11941)

Target/Specificity Ubiquitous.

Dilution WB=1:500-2000,IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:50-200,ELISA=1:5000-

10000

Format 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name TNKS (<u>HGNC:11941</u>)

Function Poly-ADP-ribosyltransferase involved in various processes such as Wnt

signaling pathway, telomere length and vesicle trafficking (PubMed: 10988299,

PubMed:<u>11739745</u>, PubMed:<u>16076287</u>, PubMed:<u>19759537</u>, PubMed:<u>21478859</u>, PubMed:<u>22864114</u>, PubMed:<u>23622245</u>,

PubMed: 25043379, PubMed: 28619731). Acts as an activator of the Wnt signaling pathway by mediating poly-ADP-ribosylation (PARsylation) of AXIN1 and AXIN2, 2 key components of the beta-catenin destruction complex: poly-ADP- ribosylated target proteins are recognized by RNF146, which

mediates their ubiquitination and subsequent degradation

(PubMed:19759537, PubMed:21478859). Also mediates PARsylation of BLZF1

and CASC3, followed by recruitment of RNF146 and subsequent

ubiquitination (PubMed:<u>21478859</u>). Mediates PARsylation of TERF1, thereby contributing to the regulation of telomere length (PubMed:<u>11739745</u>). Involved in centrosome maturation during prometaphase by mediating PARsylation of HEPACAM2/MIKI (PubMed:<u>22864114</u>). May also regulate

vesicle trafficking and modulate the subcellular distribution of

SLC2A4/GLUT4-vesicles (PubMed: 10988299). May be involved in spindle pole assembly through PARsylation of NUMA1 (PubMed: 16076287). Stimulates 26S

proteasome activity (PubMed: 23622245).

Cytoplasm. Golgi apparatus membrane; Peripheral membrane protein.

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Nucleus, nuclear pore complex. Chromosome, telomere. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle pole. Note=Associated with the Golgi and with

juxtanuclear SLC2A4/GLUT4-vesicles (PubMed:22864114). A minor proportion is also found at nuclear pore complexes and around the pericentriolar matrix of mitotic centromeres (PubMed:10523501). During interphase, a small

fraction of TNKS is found in the nucleus, associated with TERF1

(PubMed:12768206). Localizes to spindle poles at mitosis onset via interaction

with NUMA1 (PubMed:12080061)

Tissue Location Ubiquitous; highest levels in testis.

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