

RNF169 Polyclonal Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP59200

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, E

Primary Accession Q8NCN4

Reactivity Rat, Pig, Dog, Bovine

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 77194
Physical State Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human RNF169

Epitope Specificity 401-500/708

Isotype IgG

Purity affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Note=Localizes to sites of double-strand breaks (DSBs)

following DNA damage. Recruited to DSBs via recognition of

RNF168-dependent ubiquitin products.

SIMILARITY Belongs to the RNF169 family. Contains 1 RING-type zinc finger.

Important Note This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions RNF169 contains 1 RING type zinc finger. The exact functions of RNF169

remain unknown.

Additional Information

Gene ID 254225

Other Names E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase RNF169, 2.3.2.27, RING finger protein 169,

RING-type E3 ubiquitin transferase RNF169, RNF169, KIAA1991

Dilution WB=1:500-2000,IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:50-200,ELISA=1:5000-

10000

Format 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% Glyce

Storage Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name RNF169

Synonyms KIAA1991

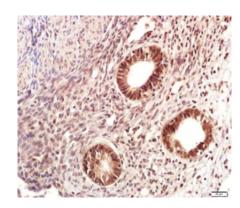
Function

Probable E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase that acts as a regulator of double-strand breaks (DSBs) repair following DNA damage. Functions in a non-canonical fashion to harness RNF168-mediated protein recruitment to DSB-containing chromatin, thereby contributing to regulation of DSB repair pathway utilization (PubMed:22492721, PubMed:30773093). Once recruited to DSB repair sites by recognizing and binding ubiquitin catalyzed by RNF168, competes with TP53BP1 and BRCA1 for association with RNF168-modified chromatin, thereby favouring homologous recombination repair (HRR) and single-strand annealing (SSA) instead of non-homologous end joining (NHEJ) mediated by TP53BP1 (PubMed:30104380, PubMed:30773093). E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase activity is not required for regulation of DSBs repair.

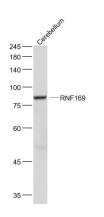
Cellular Location

Chromosome. Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Note=Localizes to sites of double-strand breaks (DSBs) following DNA damage. Recruited to DSBs via recognition of RNF168-dependent ubiquitin products.

Images



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (human cervical cancer); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (RNF169) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (AP59200) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by a conjugated secondary (sp-0023) for 20 minutes and DAB staining.



Sample:

Cerebellum (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug Primary: Anti- RNF169 (AP59200) at 1/1000 dilution Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 77 kD Observed band size: 77 kD

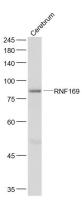
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Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.