

CP110 Rabbit pAb

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Product Information

Application IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, E

Primary Accession 043303

Reactivity Rat, Pig, Mouse, Rabbit, Dog, Horse

Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Calculated MW 113424 **Physical State** Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human CP110

761-860/1012 **Epitope Specificity**

Isotype IgG

affinity purified by Protein A **Purity**

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, centrosome, centriole. Note=Recruited early and

then associates with the growing distal tips. Recruited to the mother centriole

by KIF24. Removed from centrioles by TTBK2, leading to initiation of

ciliogenesis.

Interacts with CALM1, CETN2, CEP76 and CEP97. Interacts with NEURL4 and **SUBUNIT**

CCNF; these interactions are not mutually exclusive and both lead to CCP110 ubiquitination and proteasome-dependent degradation. Via its interaction with NEURL4, may indirectly interact with HERC2. Interacts with KIF24, leading

to its recruitment to centrioles.

Post-translational Phosphorylated by CDKs. Ubiquitinated by the SCF(Cyclin F) during G2 phase, modifications

leading to its degradation by the proteasome and preventing centrosome

reduplication.

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in **Important Note**

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Necessary for centrosome duplication at different stages of procentriole **Background Descriptions**

> formation. Collaborates with CEP97, being involved in the suppression of a cilia assembly program. Required for correct spindle formation and has a role in regulating cytokinesis and genome stability via cooperation with CALM1

and CETN2.

Additional Information

Gene ID 9738

Other Names Centriolar coiled-coil protein of 110 kDa, Centrosomal protein of 110 kDa,

CP110, Cep110, CCP110, CEP110, CP110, KIAA0419

Target/Specificity Highly expressed in testis. Detected at intermediate levels in spleen, thymus,

prostate, small intestine, colon and peripheral blood leukocytes.

Dilution IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500,ELISA=1:5000-10000

Storage Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name CCP110

Synonyms CEP110, CP110, KIAA0419

Function Necessary for centrosome duplication at different stages of procentriole

formation. Acts as a key negative regulator of ciliogenesis in collaboration with CEP97 by capping the mother centriole thereby preventing cilia formation (PubMed:17681131, PubMed:17719545, PubMed:23486064, PubMed:30375385, PubMed:35301795). Also involved in promoting

ciliogenesis. May play a role in the assembly of the mother centriole subdistal appendages (SDA) thereby effecting the fusion of recycling endosomes to basal bodies during cilia formation (By similarity). Required for correct spindle formation and has a role in regulating cytokinesis and genome stability via

cooperation with CALM1 and CETN2 (PubMed:16760425).

Cellular Location Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome,

centriole. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center,

centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, cilium basal body

{ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q7TSH4} Note=Recruited early and then associates with the growing distal tips Recruited to the mother centriole by KIF24 (PubMed:21620453). Removed from centrioles by TTBK2, leading to initiation of ciliogenesis and localizes only to the daughter centriole in ciliated cells. In cytotoxic T lymphocytes remains associated with the mother centriole during docking of the centrosome at the immunological synapse upon target contact

(By similarity). Recruited at the distal end of the mother centriole by MPHOSPH9 (PubMed:30375385) {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q7TSH4, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:21620453, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:30375385}

Tissue Location Highly expressed in testis. Detected at intermediate levels in spleen, thymus,

prostate, small intestine, colon and peripheral blood leukocytes.

Background

Necessary for centrosome duplication at different stages of procentriole formation. Collaborates with CEP97, being involved in the suppression of a cilia assembly program. Required for correct spindle formation and has a role in regulating cytokinesis and genome stability via cooperation with CALM1 and CETN2.

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