

SYNC Rabbit pAb

SYNC Rabbit pAb Catalog # AP59260

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, IF, E

Primary Accession Q9H7C4

Reactivity Rat, Pig, Mouse, Chicken, Dog

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 55299
Physical State Liquid

Immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SYNC/Syncoilin

Epitope Specificity 211-310/482

Isotype IgG

Purity affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer 0.01M TBS (pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.02% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

SUBCELLULAR LOCATION Cytoplasm, perinuclear region.

SIMILARITY Belongs to the intermediate filament family.

SUBUNIT Interacts with DES and DTNA.

Important Note This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in

human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Background Descriptions Syncoilin (SYNC) is a 483 amino acid member of the intermediate filament

family. Localized to the perinuclear region of cytoplasm, Syncoilin interacts with Alpha-Dystrobrevin and Desmin. Syncoilin links the dystrophin associated protein complex (DAPC) to desmin filaments in muscle, and is therefore found at high levels in cardiac and skeletal muscle. Syncoilin is upregulated at the sarcolemma in individuals with various forms of neuromuscular disease. The gene that encodes Syncoilin maps to human chromosome 1, which is the largest human chromosome spanning about 260 million base pairs and making up 8% of the human genome. There are about 3,000 genes on chromosome 1, and considering the great number of genes there are also a large number of diseases associated with chromosome 1.

Additional Information

Gene ID 81493

Other Names Syncoilin, Syncoilin intermediate filament 1, Syncoilin-1, SYNC, SYNC1

Dilution WB=1:500-2000,IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC/IF=1:100-500,IF=1:50-2

00,ELISA=1:5000-10000

Storage Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. When

reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody

is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.

Protein Information

Name SYNC

Synonyms SYNC1

Function Atypical type III intermediate filament (IF) protein that may play a supportive

role in the efficient coupling of mechanical stress between the myofibril and fiber exterior. May facilitate lateral force transmission during skeletal muscle contraction. Does not form homofilaments nor heterofilaments with other IF

proteins.

Cellular Location Cytoplasm, perinuclear region {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q9EPM5}. Note=In

skeletal muscle, colocalizes with DES and DTNA, and is localized at the myotendinous and neuromuscular junctions, sarcolemma and Z-lines. In myotubes, detected in a punctate cytoplasmic pattern (By similarity)

{ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q9EPM5}

Background

Syncoilin (SYNC) is a 483 amino acid member of the intermediate filament family. Localized to the perinuclear region of cytoplasm, Syncoilin interacts with Alpha-Dystrobrevin and Desmin. Syncoilin links the dystrophin associated protein complex (DAPC) to desmin filaments in muscle, and is therefore found at high levels in cardiac and skeletal muscle. Syncoilin is upregulated at the sarcolemma in individuals with various forms of neuromuscular disease. The gene that encodes Syncoilin maps to human chromosome 1, which is the largest human chromosome spanning about 260 million base pairs and making up 8% of the human genome. There are about 3,000 genes on chromosome 1, and considering the great number of genes there are also a large number of diseases associated with chromosome 1.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.