

Anti-EIF2S1 Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to EIF2S1 Catalog # AP59544

Product Information

ApplicationWB, IP, IHCPrimary AccessionP05198Other AccessionO6ZWX6

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat, Zebrafish, Pig, Chicken, Bovine

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 36112

Additional Information

Gene ID 1965

Other Names EIF2A; Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 2 subunit 1; Eukaryotic

translation initiation factor 2 subunit alpha; eIF-2-alpha; eIF-2A; eIF-2alpha

Target/Specificity Recognizes endogenous levels of EIF2S1 protein.

Dilution WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IHC (1/100 - 1/200), IP (1/10 - 1/100) IP~~N/A

IHC~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IHC (1/100 - 1/200), IP (1/10 - 1/100)

Format Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30%

glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name EIF2S1 (HGNC:3265)

Synonyms EIF2A

Function Member of the eIF2 complex that functions in the early steps of protein

synthesis by forming a ternary complex with GTP and initiator tRNA (PubMed:16289705, PubMed:38340717). This complex binds to a 40S ribosomal subunit, followed by mRNA binding to form a 43S pre- initiation complex (43S PIC) (PubMed:16289705). Junction of the 60S ribosomal subunit to form the 80S initiation complex is preceded by hydrolysis of the GTP bound to eIF2 and release of an eIF2-GDP binary complex (PubMed:16289705). In order for eIF2 to recycle and catalyze another round of initiation, the GDP bound to eIF2 must exchange with GTP by way of a reaction catalyzed by eIF2B (PubMed:16289705). EIF2S1/eIF2-alpha is a key component of the integrated stress response (ISR), required for adaptation to various stress:

phosphorylation by metabolic-stress sensing protein kinases (EIF2AK1/HRI, EIF2AK2/PKR, EIF2AK3/PERK and EIF2AK4/GCN2) in response to stress converts EIF2S1/eIF2-alpha in a global protein synthesis inhibitor, leading to an attenuation of cap-dependent translation, while concomitantly initiating the preferential translation of ISR-specific mRNAs, such as the transcriptional activators ATF4 and QRICH1, and hence allowing ATF4- and QRICH1-mediated reprogramming (PubMed:19131336, PubMed:33384352, PubMed:38340717). EIF2S1/eIF2-alpha also acts as an activator of mitophagy in response to mitochondrial damage: phosphorylation by EIF2AK1/HRI promotes relocalization to the mitochondrial surface, thereby triggering PRKN-independent mitophagy (PubMed:38340717).

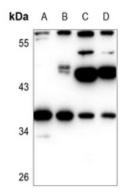
Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, Stress granule {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q6ZWX6}. Cytoplasm, cytosol {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P56286}. Mitochondrion. Note=Colocalizes with NANOS3 in the stress granules (By similarity). Relocalizes to the surface of mitochondria in response to mitochondrial damage and phosphorylation by EIF2AK1/HRI (PubMed:38340717). {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q6ZWX6, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:38340717}

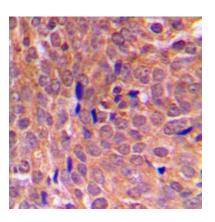
Background

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center region of human EIF2S1. The exact sequence is proprietary.

Images



Western blot analysis of EIF2S1 expression in HEK293T (A), SGC7901 (B), rat heart (C), mouse heart (D) whole cell lysates.



Immunohistochemical analysis of EIF2S1 staining in human breast cancer formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.