

Anti-hnRNP A2/B1 Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to hnRNP A2/B1

Catalog # AP60318

Product Information

Application	WB, IF/IC, IHC
Primary Accession	P22626
Other Accession	O88569
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Monkey, Pig, Drosophila
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	37430

Additional Information

Gene ID	3181
Other Names	HNRPA2B1; Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoproteins A2/B1; hnRNP A2/B1
Target/Specificity	KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the N-term region of human hnRNP A2/B1. The exact sequence is proprietary.
Dilution	WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IHC (1/100 - 1/200), IF/IC (1/100 - 1/500) IF/IC~~N/A IHC~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IHC (1/100 - 1/200), IF/IC (1/100 - 1/500)
Format	Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage	Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name	HNRNPA2B1
Synonyms	HNRPA2B1
Function	Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein (hnRNP) that associates with nascent pre-mRNAs, packaging them into hnRNP particles. The hnRNP particle arrangement on nascent hnRNA is non-random and sequence-dependent and serves to condense and stabilize the transcripts and minimize tangling and knotting. Packaging plays a role in various processes such as transcription, pre-mRNA processing, RNA nuclear export, subcellular location, mRNA translation and stability of mature mRNAs (PubMed: 19099192). Forms hnRNP particles with at least 20 other different hnRNP and heterogeneous nuclear RNA in the nucleus. Involved in transport of specific mRNAs to the cytoplasm in oligodendrocytes and neurons: acts by specifically recognizing and binding

the A2RE (21 nucleotide hnRNP A2 response element) or the A2RE11 (derivative 11 nucleotide oligonucleotide) sequence motifs present on some mRNAs, and promotes their transport to the cytoplasm (PubMed:[10567417](#)). Specifically binds single-stranded telomeric DNA sequences, protecting telomeric DNA repeat against endonuclease digestion (By similarity). Also binds other RNA molecules, such as primary miRNA (pri-miRNAs): acts as a nuclear 'reader' of the N6-methyladenosine (m6A) mark by specifically recognizing and binding a subset of nuclear m6A-containing pri-miRNAs. Binding to m6A-containing pri-miRNAs promotes pri-miRNA processing by enhancing binding of DGCR8 to pri-miRNA transcripts (PubMed:[26321680](#)). Involved in miRNA sorting into exosomes following sumoylation, possibly by binding (m6A)-containing pre-miRNAs (PubMed:[24356509](#)). Acts as a regulator of efficiency of mRNA splicing, possibly by binding to m6A-containing pre-mRNAs (PubMed:[26321680](#)). Plays a role in the splicing of pyruvate kinase PKM by binding repressively to sequences flanking PKM exon 9, inhibiting exon 9 inclusion and resulting in exon 10 inclusion and production of the PKM M2 isoform (PubMed:[20010808](#)). Also plays a role in the activation of the innate immune response (PubMed:[31320558](#)). Mechanistically, senses the presence of viral DNA in the nucleus, homodimerizes and is demethylated by JMJD6 (PubMed:[31320558](#)). In turn, translocates to the cytoplasm where it activates the TBK1-IRF3 pathway, leading to interferon alpha/beta production (PubMed:[31320558](#)).

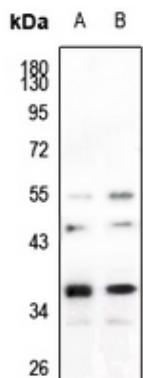
Cellular Location

Nucleus. Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Cytoplasm. Cytoplasmic granule. Secreted, extracellular exosome. Note=Localized in cytoplasmic mRNP granules containing untranslated mRNAs (PubMed:17289661). Component of ribonucleosomes (PubMed:17289661). Not found in the nucleolus (PubMed:17289661). Found in exosomes following sumoylation (PubMed:24356509).

Background

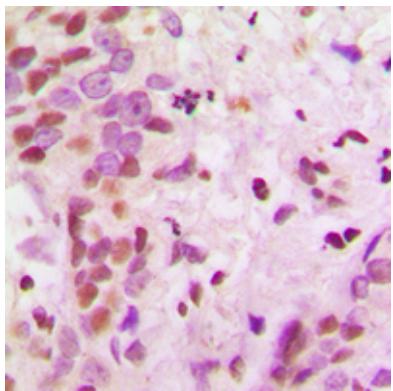
KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the N-term region of human hnRNP A2/B1. The exact sequence is proprietary.

Images

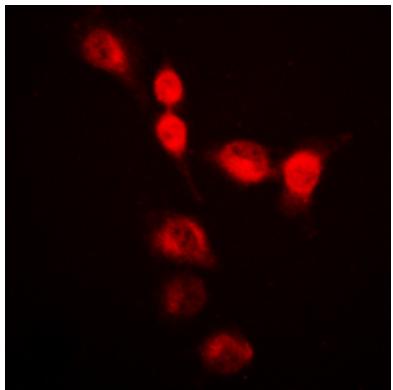


Western blot analysis of hnRNP A2/B1 expression in A549 (A), MCF7 (B) whole cell lysates.

Immunohistochemical analysis of hnRNP A2/B1 staining in human breast cancer formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained



with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



Immunofluorescent analysis of hnRNP A2/B1 staining in HeLa cells. Formalin-fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 5-10 minutes and blocked with 3% BSA-PBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody in 3% BSA-PBS and incubated overnight at 4 °C in a humidified chamber. Cells were washed with PBST and incubated with a DyLight 594-conjugated secondary antibody (red) in PBS at room temperature in the dark.

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