

Anti-CD184 Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to CD184 Catalog # AP60446

Product Information

| Application | WB |
|-------------------|---|
| Primary Accession | <u>P61073</u> |
| Other Accession | <u>P70658</u> |
| Reactivity | Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Monkey, Pig, Bovine, Dog, SARS |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Calculated MW | 39746 |

Additional Information

| Gene ID | 7852 |
|--------------------|---|
| Other Names | C-X-C chemokine receptor type 4; CXC-R4; CXCR-4; FB22; Fusin; HM89; LCR1; Leukocyte-derived seven transmembrane domain receptor; LESTR; Lipopolysaccharide-associated protein 3; LAP-3; LPS-associated protein 3; NPYRL; Stromal cell-derived factor 1 receptor; SDF-1 receptor; CD184 |
| Target/Specificity | KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the C-term region of human CD184. The exact sequence is proprietary. |
| Dilution | WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000) |
| Format | Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. |
| Storage | Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt |

Protein Information

Name

CXCR4

FunctionReceptor for the C-X-C chemokine CXCL12/SDF-1 that transduces a signal by
increasing intracellular calcium ion levels and enhancing MAPK1/MAPK3
activation (PubMed:10452968, PubMed:18799424, PubMed:24912431,
PubMed:28978524). Involved in the AKT signaling cascade
(PubMed:24912431). Plays a role in regulation of cell migration, e.g. during
wound healing (PubMed:28978524). Acts as a receptor for extracellular
ubiquitin; leading to enhanced intracellular calcium ions and reduced cellular
cAMP levels (PubMed:20228059). Binds bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS) et
mediates LPS-induced inflammatory response, including TNF secretion by
monocytes (PubMed:11276205). Involved in hematopoiesis and in cardiac
ventricular septum formation. Also plays an essential role in vascularization of

| | the gastrointestinal tract, probably by regulating vascular branching and/or remodeling processes in endothelial cells. Involved in cerebellar development. In the CNS, could mediate hippocampal-neuron survival (By similarity). |
|-------------------|---|
| Cellular Location | Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell junction. Early endosome. Late endosome. Lysosome. Note=In unstimulated cells, diffuse pattern on plasma membrane. On agonist stimulation, colocalizes with ITCH at the plasma membrane where it becomes ubiquitinated. In the presence of antigen, distributes to the immunological synapse forming at the T- cell-APC contact area, where it localizes at the peripheral and distal supramolecular activation cluster (SMAC) |
| Tissue Location | Expressed in numerous tissues, such as peripheral blood leukocytes, spleen, thymus, spinal cord, heart, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas, cerebellum, cerebral cortex and medulla (in microglia as well as in astrocytes), brain microvascular, coronary artery and umbilical cord endothelial cells Isoform 1 is predominant in all tissues tested |

Background

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the C-term region of human CD184. The exact sequence is proprietary.

Images



Western blot analysis of CD184 expression in Hela (A), mouse lung (B), mouse spleen (C), mouse heart (D), rat spleen (E), rat heart (F) whole cell lysates.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.